THE MORNING REVIEW.

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AT

Mrs. K. Einstein's.

250 North Water street - Masonic Temple Block

She will offer special inducements during the entire month. This being the last month of the season, she is anxious to reduce her stock which consists of all the latest novelties. Miss Monger, her Chicago trimmer, cannot be surpassed in this or any other city in getting up stylish hats and bonnets.

GERMANTOWN YARN:

She also has on hand a large stock of Germantown Yarn and Zephyrs, which she will sell at first cost. Please call before purchasing elsewhere.

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MAROA, ILLINOIS.

Is thoroughly renovated and refurnished and open to the traveling public, with assurance of first-class accommodations at all times.

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THE BRADSTREET CO.,

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CONGRESSIONAL.

Steps Taken in the House to Open the Oklahoma Lands to Settlers.

Representative Oates Desirous of Debarring Aliens from Rights to Title.

Senator Coke Discusses the Inter-State Commerce Measure—Other Washington News.

IN THE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, Jan 22.—In the House yesterday Mr Kelley on behalf of the Ways and Means Committee presented a bill to authorize the establishment of export tobacco manufactories and to allow drawbacks on imported materials—such as sugar licorice paste rum and alcohol—used in the manufacture of tobacco for export that business in this country having grown to the extent of consuming 10,000,000 pounds of tobacco per annum. The duties on these articles were so great that American manufacturers found themselves at decided disadvantage in competing with manufacturers in other countries.

Mr Oates reported a bill to regulate the rights of alien property-holders. He said the policy of the Government heretofore toward aliens had been characterized by great liberality and the different States each acting for itself had gone still further upon the idea of the desirability of a rapid increase in population and wealth and by legislation had conferred upon aliens rights far beyond those they enjoyed by treaty stipulations, by common law or by the law of nations. This bill proposed as a part of the foreign policy of this country to operate only prospectively and therefore not harshly to prevent the absolute citizens or subjects of other nations so long as they adhered to and retained their allegiance to other powers, from acquiring any which ship in American soil within the jurisdiction of the United States. American soil should be owned exclusively by American citizens. Perhaps objection may be made to the bill on the ground that its tendency will be to drive foreign capital from this country. If such capital were restricted no permanent harm would result therefrom to any one on this continent. The mortgage and land bonds held by aliens would not be materially impaired by the law proposed. They were deeds of trust and could be foreclosed and the lands sold in default of payment by an alien holder as well as by a citizen. Neither could according to law buy at his own sale because of the conflict of interest with duty unless it was so stipulated in contract, and this being known could have no other effect upon future foreign investors in this class of securities than to make them a little more careful and not to rely upon the prospect of ultimate ownership of the land mortgaged.

Mr Hiscock presented the Agricultural Appropriation bill which provides that the Commissioner of Agriculture may use such part of the appropriation of the Bureau of Animal Industry as he may deem necessary and in such way as he may deem necessary to prevent the spread of pleuro-pneumonia.

The Indian Appropriation bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole. Mr Hepburn stated that the Oklahoma settlers had found a champion in Congress. They had no right to the lands and should be put off the territory at the point of the bayonet. Mr Ryan moved to amend the paragraph appropriating $4,500 for the payment of interest to the Creek Indians by adding the proviso that no part of this sum should be paid until the Creeks and Seminoles had filed a release and relinquishment of their rights in the territory ceded to the United States. ... It is understood that the Oklahoma lands were ceded to the United States. ... the settlers were now face to face with the United States army. ... there could be no terminated ... Oklahoma ... had not the right to the Oklahoma lands. He said this in the face of a violated and aggrieved constituency, some of whom were desirous of going into those lands. He warned members of the committee that the blood which might be shed in that conflict would be on their heads if they hesitated now and here to speak out loudly to the people that they had no right to invade this Oklahoma country at this time. Let Congress compromise this matter and save the threatened bloodshed. Let this amendment be adopted and a compromise made. Mr Rogers of Arkansas offered an amendment providing that no part of the money should be paid unless the Creek Nation should within twelve months make and file in the office of the Secretary of State an acceptance and ratification of the survey made and approved by the department under the treaty of June 14, 1866, and unless additional lands acquired by the United States by the survey should be held by the United States under the provisions of the treaty. The amendment was adopted. After a controversy between Messrs. Holman and Ellis growing out of a charge by the latter that the former was applying a studied speech to the wrong paragraph of the bill, the committee arose.

Public business having been suspended, eulogies were delivered commemorating the public services of the late Senator Anthony.

SENATE

WASHINGTON, Jan 22.—The Senate yesterday agreed to a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for any further correspondence that might be in his department concerning the collection or postponement of the tax on distilled spirits.

The Vice President laid before the Senate Senator Plumb's resolution of yesterday calling on the President for his views on the present status of the Oklahoma lands. Senator Plumb being absent, Senator Ingalls asked that the resolution go over till today. Mr Vest offered a substitute providing that the Secretary of the Interior shall communicate with the authorities of the Creek and Seminole Indians to ascertain the terms upon which they will transfer to the United States all their rights in the Oklahoma lands. After some further discussion the issue being the reference of the matter to the Committee on Indian Affairs the subject went over for a day.

The Senate then took up the "David Davis bill" to establish an Appellate Court. Senator Morgan offered an amendment which was agreed to securing to defendants in criminal cases absolute right to writ of error.

Senator Coke speaking on the Inter State Commerce bill said that no amendment consistent with the theory of the Senate bill would make that measure a success. The Reagan bill was practical and conservative. In its principal features it was a codification of the common law, under which common carriers were prohibited from charging unreasonable rates from discriminating and from pooling. Railroad companies exercised a part of the sovereignty of a State in their right to condemn property, and that was one reason why the people should be entitled to know what they were doing. Senator McPherson inquired whether if the pool rates were reasonable there would be any need to prohibit pooling. Senator Coke replied that the courts of the State of New York had decided to be illegal a pool composed of twelve poor canal men who scraped together money enough to buy boats of their own. How, therefore, could a pool of forty great railroads which now controlled the commerce of the country be legal? That pool, said the Senator with emphasis, has openly defied all power and authority of State. Senators Morgan and Harrison asked why the law was needed at all if the common law supplied sufficient remedy. Senator Coke replied that the necessity for the bill was found in the fact that the railroads denied the power of Congress to deal with the questions involved. The people sometimes did wrong, but give them a little time and they would remedy the wrongs they had inflicted. The sober second thought of the people was the perfection of human wisdom. The Senator then took up the Senate bill in detail and criticised its provisions.

The Senator insisted that the great railroad companies were the most lawless bodies with which the Government had ever had to deal, and that the passage of the Reagan bill would have a greater moral effect on them than anything Congress could do.

On the conclusion of Senator Coke's remarks a message was received from the House announcing the death of Hon John Hamilton Evans, late representative in Congress from South Carolina.

On motion of Senator Hampton the message was at once taken up and Hampton offered a resolution fittingly expressing the sense of the Senate on the deceased.

THE WASHINGTON MONUMENT.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—Colonel Casey, engineer of the monument, reports that the weight of the shaft, over 81,000 tons, is so great that the foundation should not under any circumstances be required to support any more weight. The pressure on the foundations now exceeds nine tons per square foot, and along the edges about three tons. A hundred memorial stones remain unset and many of them are unsuitable for setting. Those that are worth it will be cut down to tablets four or six inches thick and sunk into the interior walls. Some settling having been noticed on the side toward Babcock's Lake, he recommends that as a precautionary measure the lake be filled up. This will take 83,000 yards of earth. The settlement caused by the addition of 34,604 tons of stone and earth to the foundation and shaft since work was resumed June 30, 1880, is only a small fraction over two inches, and the difference between the corner where the settlement is greatest and the corner where the settlement is least is less than one-sixteenth of an inch.

REDUCTION ON NEWSPAPER POSTAGE FAVORED.

WASHINGTON, Jan 22.—Postmaster-General Hatton has sent to the Chairman of the House Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads the draft of a bill providing for a reduction of postage on second-class matter, or newspapers, mailed by publishers, from two cents to one cent per pound. It is provided in the draft that the rate shall not apply to the circulation of sample copies generally, although a publisher may, twice a year circulate sample copies not to exceed in number the actual circulation of his paper at the date of writing.

ELECTORAL MESSENGER APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, Jan 22.—Captain George W. Davis, United States army, Assistant Engineer of Construction of the Washington Monument, has been appointed by the Secretary of State as a messenger to proceed to Iowa for the electoral vote of that State.

MORE TROOPS ORDERED.

Instructions Sent to Make a Strong Front in Routing the Oklahoma Invaders.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 22.—The following are the official instructions sent from the War Department to General Augur Tuesday, regarding the course to be pursued with the Oklahoma invaders:

BRIGADIER GENERAL AUGUR, FORT LEAVENWORTH, Kan.—In accordance with instructions from the Secretary of War the Lieutenant General directs that you be informed that the President's order for the removal from Indian Territory of the intruders there is to be enforced. It is hoped that it may be done without armed conflict, but the responsibility for any bloodshed must rest upon those who do not accept the warning of the proclamation of the President July 1, and who attempt with arms to resist the troops ordered to compel their removal. In order to utilize the moral influence of the ... to make the force as much as possible ... the military force should be increased so that ... the hope of resistance ... The Lieutenant-General therefore directs that you will immediately reinforce Colonel Hatch by the remaining companies of the Ninth Cavalry, and also send him reinforcements from the Tenth, Twentieth and Twenty second Infantry until the force he now has in hand shall be increased by eight hundred men.

(Signed) R. C. DRUM, Adjutant-General

A Better Hand with a Wood-Saw Than with a Pen.

NEW YORK, Jan 22.—The case of Paton against Collis P Huntington, the millionaire, relative to the sale of certain Central Pacific stock was continued yesterday. In the course of his cross examination Mr Huntington said that his profits out of the Central Pacific Railroad were less than $5,000,000. On re-direct examination witness said he had been concerned in ten separate enterprises. He had railroads to build and steamship companies to control, besides running his hardware and metal trades. He left details to subordinates, his theory being to trust a man all in all or not at all. He did not know much about book-keeping, and carried his book-keeping in a high hat for a good many years. At school he had the credit of being the poorest writer there and would rather saw wood than write now.

Indicted and Sentenced to Two Years.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Jan 22.—George Scott, arrested two weeks ago by Sheriff Nelson for wrecking the Wabash express at Prairie Switch, was indicted by the Grand Jury yesterday. Two hours later he was arraigned in the Circuit Court and pleaded guilty. Judge O'Rourke then sentenced him to thirteen years in the penitentiary. After sentence was pronounced he arose excitedly and declared that he was insane when he committed the crime, and was insane now, and that he was not responsible for his confession. His attorneys demanded an inquest in lunacy, and experts will be called.

A Boy Hangs Himself.

OREGON, Ogle Co., Ill., Jan 22.—The body of a boy fourteen years old, named Robes, was found Tuesday, frozen stiff, hanging from a tree forty rods from his mother's house at Engle Point, in this county. The mother had whipped him for some misdemeanor on the 15th instant. He went to the barn and told the hired man he would hang himself. He then disappeared. He had tied the rope about his neck, climbed a tree in the grove, fastened the rope to a limb and sprung off.

Perished in the Cold.

OTTAWA, Ont., Jan 22.—It is feared that a number of workingmen sent from Toronto last November to work on the Northern Railway, near Callendar, by a bogus contractor's agent, have perished in the wilderness. Thirty men were sent out. On arriving at Stoney Creek they were deserted and found no conveyance to take them farther. They started on foot for Callendar, but only six arrived. The others are supposed to have perished on the way, and the body of one has been found.

The Fatal Avalanches About the Alps.

ROME, Jan 22.—The snowfalls in Piedmont, Savoy, and in the departments in the vicinity of the Alps were very serious. The avalanche which buried Frassino in Piedmont, yesterday caused great loss of life. Thirty bodies have already been recovered. Forty persons are still missing. Twenty houses were destroyed and forty persons killed at Borgorivo. Fifty houses were demolished at Frassinieri and the number of fatal casualties there was eleven.

Arrested for an Old Murder.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Jan 22.—Sheriff Hutchins has arrested Gideon Cooper and John Larenson for the murder of Marshal Pritchard, who was killed and robbed in this city in June, 1879. The case has been fully investigated by the Grand Jury and they ordered the Sheriff to cause the arrests. A revival of this murder here caused a profound sensation.

STATE LEGISLATURES.

Haines Voluntarily Relinquishes His Hold on the Speakership in the Illinois House.

Cronkrite Promptly Given the Gavel—A Turbulent Scene Takes Place.

Action of the Law-Makers on Wednesday in Wisconsin, Indiana and Michigan.

ILLINOIS

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan 22.—When the House organized yesterday Haines stated the question to be on Fuller's motion instructing the Speaker not to send to the Senate a notice that the House was organized and said he was ready for business. The roll was called on this motion, and the House decided, 78 to 1, not to send a communication to the Senate. This is the first discomfiture of Haines.

Crafts then moved to adopt the rules of the last House and the joint rules of the last House and the Senate of the last session. Fuller offered as a substitute, a motion to proceed to the election of permanent officers of the House. Haines said he believed the organization was permanent enough now, and the adoption of rules would simply declare what was already true, that the House was permanently organized. Haines ruled that the substitute could not be entertained. Fuller appealed from the decision. Haines positively refusing to entertain the appeal, the previous question was ordered. The vote on Crafts's motion was Yeas, 74, nays 77. A motion to reconsider the vote was tabled.

Varnell moved that the Speaker appoint a committee of fifteen to consider the cases of contested seats, and that the committee have power to send for persons and papers. Fuller raised a point that the motion was out of order until the House was permanently organized, and that the House, by vote to-day had decided that the House is not permanently organized. Haines wanted to know what element of permanency was lacking. Fuller contended that the members had not voted for Speaker since they took the oath. Haines said the oath was not essential, that the courts would hold the organization good.

Miller moved to table the motion to appoint a Committee on Contests. The motion to table was carried—78 to 75. Keyes presented a resolution for a joint session to canvass the votes next Friday. Calhoun made a point that the resolution was out of order as the House is not permanently organized. Haines ruled that the decision of the House on the resolution would decide the point of order.

After a stormy debate the motion was lost. Various dilatory tactics were resorted to to kill time and at half past ten o'clock in the evening after more than a dozen attempts had been made to adjourn several members made short speeches of a conciliatory tone. Mr West made the last. He wanted business to go on. The delay was making them all ridiculous before the people. When he finished Mr Haines stated that he wished to make a few remarks in the line of order and a peaceful solution of the difficulty they were in. He said he had been elected by 77 votes, a number he knew no other man could have received at any time while this dispute had been on. He was positive on that point, but he did not wish to longer be the subject of abuse and misunderstanding. He repeated the reasons he had frequently given for his course and continued by saying:

This is the last time I will address you in this capacity as Speaker. I resign the position.

He dropped the gavel on the desk, left the chair and ... scene of intense ... Speaker's desk. Mr Pike of McLean seized the gavel and began to pound the desk. But it was scarcely in his hand before it was snatched away by Mr McAleny, who handed it to Mr Cronkrite as the latter stood on the Speaker's platform. While this was going on Mr Fuller, who stood on the top of a desk in front of the Speaker's chair, nominated Mr Linegar for temporary Speaker and put the question. The noise was so great that he could scarcely be heard. A shout of 'ayes' followed, but no attention was paid to his efforts beyond that. Mr Cronkrite had been pushed up to the Speaker's desk by a crowd of Democrats. Mr Fuller, seeing Cronkrite at the desk shouted out at the top of his voice a motion to make that gentleman temporary Speaker. Everybody said 'Yes,' and he was declared elected. Mr Fuller then moved that the House adjourn until to-day at ten a. m., and it was carried.

Another grist of bills was poured into the Senate yesterday increasing the number on the calendar to seventy seven. The more important ones are as follows:

By Crawford—To prevent frauds at primary elections prepared by the Citizens Association of Chicago. By Foreman—Forbidding circuit duties by Judges assigned to Appellate work, permitting appeals to the Supreme Court on all Appellate decisions and requiring all Appellate decisions to be written. By Streeter—Providing for a Civil Service Commission of three for Illinois to have jurisdiction over State and city officers and laborers, the bill provides that any person who habitually uses intoxicating liquors shall not be appointed or retained in office. It was prepared by the Civil Service Association in Chicago, and introduced by Mr Streeter at their request.

Mr Evans bill appropriating $5,000 for the Illinois display at New Orleans was passed—37 to 13.

Mr Keeley's resolution to vote for a United States Senator went over, by agreement, without action.

The Senate adjourned until ten o'clock to day.

The only item of interest in the Senatorial contest is the formal withdrawal of Mayor Harrison so far as the caucus is concerned. This was announced yesterday by John Colvin and Alderman Hildreth, who are believed to speak by authority. It is well known that Mayor Harrison, while in this city was not particularly pleased with the outlook and said he did not care to submit his claims to the Democratic caucus unless every member of the party agreed to be bound by the action of the caucus.

WISCONSIN

MADISON, Wis., Jan 22.—In the Senate yesterday, bills were introduced as follows: Increasing somewhat the number of committee employes, and authorizing County Boards to select, with proper safe-guards, any bank in which to deposit county funds. The joint Assembly resolution was concurred in, urging Wisconsin Congressmen to vote for an increase of pensions to maimed veterans. Adjourned.

In the Assembly the joint Senate resolution was concurred in asking Wisconsin Congressmen to urge the Federal purchase of the Portage Lake and Lake Superior ship canal. Bills were introduced as follows: Repealing the law of 1882 conferring additional power on the County Judge of Kewaunee, incorporating the city of Cumberland, in Barron County, and a bill making it a misdemeanor to sell or expose for sale imitation or adulterated milk or artificial, impure or adulterated butter or cheese. Several bills were introduced amending the Revised Statutes in purely technical matters of legal forms. The bill passed under suspension of the rules rearranging dates for holding regular and special terms of court in the Seventh Judicial Circuit. The joint resolution was concurred in, eulogizing the late Lieutenant Governor Bingham and out of respect to his memory the Assembly stood adjourned till this morning.

INDIANA

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan 22.—In the Senate yesterday the bill to legalize sales of real estate by Commissioners in proceedings by executors or administrators was engrossed. The bill relating to the holding of real estate by aliens was read a third time and put on its passage. More petitions were received for some to instruction on the effects of alcohol in public schools, also petitions for severe punishment for grand larceny, for protection of quails and scientific inquiry into insect ravages. Senators Bailey, Hilligass, Duncan of Brown, Thompson, Sellers, Emsley and Moon were appointed a committee on labor and labor statistics and Thompson, Rahm, Null, Bailey, Schloss, Day and Faulkner a committee on cities. Senator Sellers introduced a bill to remove the election of Judges from all political excitement by fixing the date thereof in August of every off year.

In the House a bill was introduced to appropriate $50,000 to the State University. The committees on Ways and Means, Judiciary, Education, Township and County Business, Agriculture, Cities and Towns, Reformatory Institutions and Drains and Dikes submitted reports recommending the passage of several bills and the indefinite postponement of others. Favorable recommendation was made upon the Kreuzer joint resolution to amend Section 2, Article 6, of the Constitution increasing the terms of all county officers to four years and prohibiting any officer from being elected his own successor. Representative McHenry offered a high license liquor measure providing that every saloon keeper shall pay to the County Treasurer a license fee of $500 per year for selling spirituous vinous and malt liquors in less quantities than a quart and $400 per year for a license to sell simply vinous and malt liquors wine and beer. Other bills were introduced as follows: To prohibit the sale of liquor within one mile of places of religious worship, to prevent the spread of Canada thistles.

MICHIGAN

LANSING, Mich., Jan 22.—In the House yesterday a resolution was passed asking Congress to erect public buildings in Michigan towns of ten thousand or more inhabitants. E. H. Butler, State Treasurer, in reply to the House inquiry reported the cash balance in the State Treasury January 1, as $719,213.90. Bills were introduced: To amend the act for the safe keeping of public moneys; to amend the act relative to damages for personal injuries due to negligence; to amend the act relative to the partition of the estates of deceased persons; to regulate the appointment of Deputy Sheriffs and Sheriffs' aids; to amend the act relative to the survival of actions; to allow the Central Michigan Soldiers and Sailors Association the use of State tents; to establish a home for disabled volunteer soldiers and sailors in Michigan; to prevent the introduction and spread of cholera; to incorporate Benton Harbor; to amend the ... law; to prohibit levying assessments for political purposes upon department clerks. In the House joint resolutions requesting Congress to pass the Reagan Inter State Commerce bill and to establish a harbor of refuge at Ludington were adopted.

Bills were introduced in the Senate: To remove Lodge at Vassar; to amend the Banking act; to amend the act relative to garnishees; prohibiting Judges from trying cases in which their relatives are attorneys.

Senators Hubbell, G. A. Smith and Pulver were appointed Senate members of the Joint Select Tax Committee.

The Senate will hereafter meet at two p. m., giving up the morning to committee work.

AN IMPROMPTU MILL.

Slugger Sullivan and Paddy Ryan Have a Brief but Lively Tussle.

NEW YORK, Jan 22.—The *Mail and Express* says: "It has transpired that before the division of money was made Tuesday at the Coleman House Sullivan and Ryan struck each other, and were only prevented by friends from a rough and tumble fight. Sullivan sat for a long time with his head bowed down about to his knees. Ryan walked in, and then the war began.

"I am sorry," said Ryan, "that the match did not come to a close."

"So am I," said Sullivan.

"I can whip you right now and here," said Ryan. "You are among your friends, but I want to teach you a lesson."

"You can't," replied Sullivan. "I'm ready."

"Put up your hands, John," said Ryan, and immediately he let his right out and planted a terrific blow on Sullivan's nose. Sullivan, who was unprepared for the onslaught, let go his left, but missed Ryan. Then he tried his right, but Ryan met him with a cross counter in the region of the ribs which made the Boston boy yelp. Their backers interfered and the whole thing was put a stop to, not before, however, some of the furniture of the room was destroyed.

New Officers of the Illinois Horticulturists.

ELGIN, Ill., Jan. 22.—The Northern Illinois Horticultural Association is in session here. The following officers were elected: Cotta, Lanark, and James Crow, Nunda, Secretaries D. W. Scott, of Galena, and E. W. Graves, of Sandwich; Treasurer, L. Woodard of Marengo. The meeting will conclude to-day.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, Jan 21.

FLOUR—Steady. Winter $4.00@4.70. Spring $3.00@3.75, low grades, $1.75@2.50. Patents, $4.37½@5.25. Rye flour $3.40@3.75.

WHEAT—Opened lower but was firmer later. No 2 Spring 79@79¼c. No 2 February 79⅛@79¾c, May, 85⅜@86⅛c. No 2 Red 8?c@8?¼c.

CORN—Prices easier. No 2 quotable at 37¾@38c for cash, 37¼@38c for January and February, 37⅝@37¾c for March, and 40⅝@41¼c for May.

OATS—Fairly active but prices easier. No 2 quotable at 27⅛@27c for cash and January, 27@27¼c for February, 27¼@27¾c for March, and 30¼@30⅞c for May. No 3 quiet.

RYE—Steady and salable at former prices. No 2 cash, 62c, February, 62½c, March, 63¾c, April 64c, May, 68¾c.

BARLEY—In store market and the demand for sample lots light and sales slow. No 2, 65c, sample lots ranged at 45@70c for common to fancy.

MESS PORK—Fairly active and prices easier. Quotations ranged at $11.90@12.00 for cash, $11.85@12.02½ for January, $11.97½@12.05 for February, $12.07½@12.12½ for March, and $12.30@12.45 for May.

LARD—Prices easier. Quotations ranged at $6.72½@6.75 for cash and January, $6.75@6.77½ for February, $6.85@6.87½ for March and $7.02½@7.05 for May.

BUTTER—Market firm. Creamery, good to choice, 27@30c; dairy good to choice, 16@18c.

CHEESE—Market quiet. Full Cream Cheddar, 11@12c. Skimmed Cheddar 2@8c.

EGGS—Firm. Sales were made at 22@23c for fresh lots.

NEW YORK, Jan 21.

FLOUR—Dull. In buyers' favor, with light business.

WHEAT—Opened ¼@½c lower, but subsequently strengthened and recovered decline. No 1 White 95c. No 2 Red February, 90½@91c. March, 92⅛@92¾c, April, 94¼@94⅝c, May, 95¼@96c. June 96¼@96½c.

CORN—¼@¾c lower. Mixed Western spot, 50@52½c, futures, 49¼@51½c.

OATS—¼@½c higher. Western 36@39c.

PROVISIONS—Beef dull. New Extra, $11.00@11.50. Pork dull. New Mess $13.50. Lard quiet and steady. Steam, $7.12½.

BUTTER—Firm. Western 10@35c.

CHEESE—Firm at 1@13½c.

EGGS—Western firm at 31c.

DETROIT, Jan. 21.

FLOUR—Quiet. Michigan Winter Wheat, $3.90@4.00, roller process, $4.25@4.50; patents, $5.25. Minnesota patents $5.50@5.75.

WHEAT—Firm but quiet. No 1 White cash and February 89c. March, 90¼c. May, 96¼c. No 2 Red cash, 87¼c, February, 88c; March, 90c, May, 93¼c.

CORN—No 2 cash, 42¼c.

OATS—No 2 White, 33c; No 2, 31c bid.

TOLEDO, O., Jan 21.

WHEAT—Dull. No 2 cash and January, 80½c; February, 81c; March, 82¾c bid; May 85c. No 2 Soft, 88c.

CORN—Easier. No 2 cash and January, 42½c. February, 40½c bid, May 42½c bid.

OATS—Dull. No 2 cash, 30½c bid, May, 32½c.

PEORIA, Ill., Jan. 21.

CORN—Firm. New High Mixed, 3?@39½c, New No 2 Mixed 39@39½c.

OATS—Firm. No. 2 White, 30@30½c, No 2 Mixed, 29@29½c.

RYE—Firm. No. 2, 62½@62¾c.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Jan. 21.

CATTLE—Market quiet and prices steady. Quotations ranged as follows: Native shipping Steers $4.50@5.50 for poor to fair, and $5.75@6.75 for good to prime. Cows $2.25@3.75, Bulls, $2.50@3.00. Butchers Steers $4.00@4.50. Stockers and Feeders $2.75@4.00.

HOGS—Market rather quiet and slow, and prices 5@10c lower. Sales ranged at $4.25@4.50 for light, $4.25@4.45 for rough packing, and $4.50@4.75 for heavy packing and shipping lots.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Jan 21.

CATTLE—Dull, prime, $6.00@6.25, fair to good, $5.25@5.75, common, $4.25@5.00.

HOGS—Slow. Philadelphias, $5.10@5.15; Yorkers, $4.85@5.00.

SHEEP—Fair demand, prime, $4.25@4.50, fair to good, $3.00@3.50, common, $1.00@2.50.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 21.

CATTLE—Weak, slow; 10@15c lower; exports, $5.50@5.65, good to choice shipping, $5.10@5.35, common to medium, $4.70@5.00, feeders, $3.50@4.00, cows, $2.50@3.50.

HOGS—Slow, 10@15c lower; lots, $4.10@4.55; mainly $4.25@4.35.

SHEEP—Steady; fair to good, $2.00@2.75.

STILL ON TOP

J. R. RACE & CO

The Leading Gents' Furnishers and Clothiers offer

EXTRAORDINARY LOW BARGAINS

IN

Holiday Goods,

Including the largest line of Silk Handkerchiefs, fine silk and cashmere Mufflers ever shown in the city. An elegant variety of plush and silk neckwear in the latest styles and shapes. If you want to make a present, buy one of our fine silk umbrellas. Examine them and you will say they are the finest.

Overcoat Tumble

Men's OVERCOATS from $2.50 to the finest made. Boys' Overcoats in proportion. Our line of Business and Dress Suits Can Not be Surpassed. The papers are full of BOGUS, GREAT MARK DOWNS, SHERIFF SALES, BANKRUPT STOCKS, Etc., Etc., But can you tell if they are Bogus or Square?

J. R. RACE & CO.

Are Responsible for what they SAY or DO and you take no chances. Goods purchased of us are guaranteed to give satisfaction. Our

Merchant Tailoring Department

is complete. If you want a nobby and stylish suit or overcoat made to order, call on us and we will please you. Come in and see us and you will be convinced that we sell Good Straight Goods for Less Money than any house in Decatur.

All Goods exchanged with pleasure if not satisfactory to purchaser.

J. R. RACE & CO.,

Responsible Clothiers and Gents' Furnishers.

129 & 135 Water St., Decatur, Ill.

FIVE DAYS LONGER ONLY!

NET COST SALE!

—OF—

Dry Goods.

—AND—

60 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

—FOR—

Cloaks and Millinery

You can't afford to miss this sale. Prints, Ginghams, Dress Goods, Flannels, Muslins, Hosiery, Leggings,

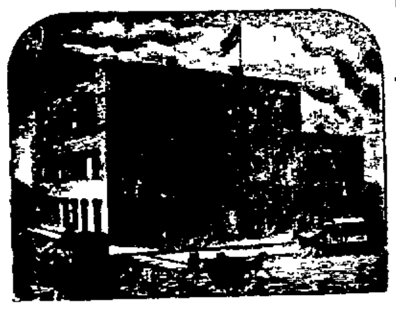
ALL AT NET COST!

S. G. HATCH & BRO.

Powers' Block.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

FREE BUS,



PALACE HOTEL.

143 and 153 S. Main st.

Decatur, Illinois.

Entirely remodeled and refitted. It is now one of the most thoroughly equipped hotels in this section of the State. Large comfortable rooms, with new and elegant furniture. No pains will be spared to make guests comfortable and to feel at home.

RATES, $1.50 to $2.00 Per Day

A Free Bus will be run to all trains. The attention of Traveling Men is called to our accommodations.

Special rates to theatrical Companies.

N. LAUX, Proprietor.

P. PERL.

EMBALMER

—AND—

Funeral Director

141, 142, 144, 146 South Main St. TELEPHONE 55. m&wly.

COME AND LOOK!

And you will find as good a stock of useful and fancy goods as you will find in a day's journey.

I am not bragging when I say that these goods are as good as any man keeps, and will be sold at as small a profit as any firm can live at. I offer no baits, but do a fair and square, honest business. Your child can buy as cheap as you can.

I have just received and got open my stock of presents for the holidays and can furnish you presents for the lady and the baby, and for the old gent and the young buck, for the girl and the boy, at all prices. It will pay you to purchase early. Now do not forget the place. Call early at the

DECATUR FAIR!

223 North Main Street,

For good goods cheap.

JOHN F. DANIELS, Prop't

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

VIRGINIA FARMS & MILLS For Sale & Exchange. FREE Catalogue. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., Richmond, Va.

CONSUMPTION.

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St. New York.

FITS A Leading London Physician Establishes an Office in New York. From Am. Journal of Med. "Dr. Ab. Meserole, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any other living physician. His success has simply been astonishing; we have heard of cases of over 20 years standing cured by him. He guarantees a cure." Large bottle and Treatise sent free. Give P. O. and Express address to Dr. AB. MESEROLE, No. 96 John St., New York.

Parker's Tonic.

A Pure Family Medicine that Never Intoxicates.

If you are a mechanic or farmer, worn out with over work, or a mother run down by family or household duties, try PARKER'S TONIC.

If you have Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Kidney or Urinary Complaints, or if you are troubled with any disorder of the lungs, stomach, bowels, blood or nerves, you can be cured by PARKER'S TONIC.

If you are wasting away from age, dissipation or any disease or weakness and require a stimulant take PARKER'S TONIC at once; it will invigorate and build you up from the first dose but will never intoxicate. It has saved hundreds of lives, it may save yours.

CAUTION! Refuse all substitutes. Parker's Tonic is composed of the best remedial agents in the world, and is entirely different from preparations of ginger alone. Send for circular HISCOX & CO., 163 William Street, New York. 50c and $1 sizes, at all dealers in medicines. Great saving in buying dollar sizes.

THE REVIEW

JACK & MIZE, Proprietors.

THE election of the long-winded Evarts to the United States senate suggests an enlargement of the congressional record.

THE Louisville Times thinks that Fitz John Porter has waited for more than twenty years for justice, Gen. Grant might wait a few months for generosity.

AN exchange suggests that unless Mr. Evarts is sure of a second term, he should not begin a speech in the next senate. One of his sentences is usually pretty near the length of a senatorial term.

THE Chicago News declares that "ever since last November Mr. Blaine has been engaged in the vindictive task of trying to punish those who did not rally enthusiastically to the defense of his infamy. From the president down to the humblest republican in the ranks none is too high, none too insignificant, to escape his rancor."

THE New York Morning Journal is authority for the statement that Mr. Cleveland is learning to dance, preparatory to entering upon the discharge of presidential duties and society life in Washington. In our opinion, however, it were better that he learn to play the fiddle and make some of the other fellows do the dancing after the 4th of March.

THE Springfield Monitor says:

"The outcry raised by some of the republicans among the negroes, that they were to be hurled back into slavery, is having its effect by causing many of the mokes to determine that they will "jine de democrats" at once. The colored man and brother is beginning to understand the whole story was a lie, gotten up for political effect, and one of them says, "you know what a nigger is when he catches you in a lie."

THE New York Evening Post does not seem to entertain a very exalted opinion of Mr. Blaine as a historian. In speaking of his "Twenty Years in Congress" the Post says: "The dense ignorance pervading this book will reflect great discredit on American intelligence wherever it is read. That its author should have held the secretaryship of foreign affairs for a considerable period of time, and still be masquerading before the people alternately as a statesman and an historian, will, we are satisfied give our descendants no little amusement."

"reform is necessary" in the new paid fire department. The city has two teams and wagons. One of these teams is of no account whatever for the purpose. It cannot be trusted. In case of a fire the chances are that it would not get any farther than the street in front of the hose house. This team is in the way, and will result in positive harm in case of a fire. This team and the men who ran with the machine which the horses will not haul cost the city nearly $500 per month. This is an expensive luxury, too expensive for these times of high taxes and small incomes. The reformers in the council should take the matter in hand and get a new team or dispense with one half of the department.

THE responsible editor of the Bloomington Pantagraph must certainly have been from home on Wednesday night of last week, if we are to judge from the following editorial, which appeared on Thursday morning:

If Mr. Clarkson is to be believed St John tried to sell himself for $25,000 cash in hand. By this act of perfidy St John sold the one hundred thousand or so of deluded men who voted for him. The whole thing was, in short, a sell, in which the cause of temperance and the country was worsted, and whisky, rum, rowdyism and rebellion triumphed.

Any one would judge from the above that the Pantagraph hosts are clad in sackcloth and ashes because of the injury done by St. John to the cause of temperance, and will never cease to mourn because of the evil days that will come upon the country because of the triumph of democracy, or of "whisky, rum, rowdyism and rebellion."

THE Indianapolis Journal, discussing the Kankakee fire, says truthfully that "instead of higgling over a few dollars in the cost of a state or county building, legislatures should insist on stability and excellence in public buildings, and having set the example of what might be called honesty in such things, should insist that every hotel of size and theatre should be provided with every requirement of safety. The state of Illinois should be made to pay heavy damages for the death of the men cooped up in that 'southern pine' fire trap that burned, just as might be expected by the picayune law-makers that allow such a shed to be put up." The Journal might very prudently confirm its remarks to its own state institutions, if they are applicable. They do not apply in Illinois. The legislatures here appropriate large sums of money, much more than should be, but our Board of Charities and trustees of the different state institutions sacrifice solidity and safety to ornament and display. Their policy is to make a great show in the name of charity, and this, with favoritism in contracting, results disastrously.

THE Peoria Democrat has lately been giving advice to Mr. Cronkrite, and it was that if he would secure fame and honor, he should have moved and voted for Mr. Haines for speaker. The Democrat, and we are sorry to say, a number of other democratic journals, appear to think that they are advising a wise thing in this. There is no one that will go farther in their effort to secure democratic harmony and success, by all fair means, than the REVIEW. But Mr. Cronkrite was the party nominee for speaker. All democrats, Mr. Haines among the number, who entered the caucus, were by all party usages, bound to vote for Mr. Cronkrite. Mr. Haines was made temporary speaker, and when he got into the chair, made up his mind to hold it permanently, against all party and parliamentary precedents. In order to sustain him, democrats would violate principle, precedent and party usage, and do violent injustice to Mr. Cronkrite, a democrat who has never faltered. Mr. Cronkrite, Mr. Haines, or any other democrat who has received a party caucus nomination, is entitled to the support of the party, at least until it is found that he cannot be elected. Party leaders who advise a different course, ask democrats to sacrifice principle to the slimmest kind of expediency. Mr. Haines or any other so called independent who has to be kept in line by any such proceeding, will be likely to be wanting just when needed. The democracy of the country have won a great victory, and they should everywhere show the ability and fitness for the trust imposed by the people.

Messrs. Graham and Templemen of this district have both been temperate but decided advocates of standing by the caucus, and in this they will be sustained by the democracy of the district.

For Sale.

Having traded for other property, I will sell my house and lot. No. 318 North Main street. House of 9 rooms in good repair, cellar, well and cistern; also small stable and coal sheds Lot 56x152 feet. Very desirable location. THOS A. PRITCHETT. Office No. 156 Merchant St. Jan8d&w1w

Underwear, Hosiery and Corsets

Now, as always, form an important feature and comprise a large part of our stock. We carry, without doubt, the best assorted and largest stock of them of any house in Decatur. We can afford and do undersell the best competition in the central part of the state.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE.

Oyster Supper, Quilting and Festival.

The W. C. T. Union will give an entertainment on the night of Thursday, Jan. 22nd, at the tabernacle. There will be a few recitations from some of our excellent young elocutionists, and there will be hot oysters, ice cream and cake. A memorial quilt with many names upon it has been prepared to be quilted on that night by those skilled in the art. More names are solicited for the quilt, as is also your patronage. Come, expecting to have a good social time. Admission, 10 cents. jan18td SECRETARY.

Dress Goods, Etc., Etc.

We have an elegant stock of all grades, styles and qualities of dress goods, cashmeres, silks, plaid and plain dress flannels, velvets and dress goods fabrics of every make and color in the land. Look at, examine and price them—for which we charge you nothing.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE. j9dw

THE average length of life is on the increase. The science of medicine has made great progress; many diseases are now controlled that were formerly thought incurable. The greatest discovery is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which cures consumption in stages that other remedies are of no benefit. Coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, and all throat and lung diseases speedily and safely cured. Price, 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free.

Underwear and Hosiery.

Ladies, men's and children's in all grades, kinds and qualities, and at about half actual value. We will quote the prices to you when we place the goods before you.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE. j20d&w1w

Cheap Entertainments.

Tickets for the remaining lecture course, consisting of Bob Burdette, The Nashville Students, and Joseph Cook, including reserved seats, can now be had for $1.00.—[A. H. MILLS, Secretary. j21d4t

Coal! Wood! Coal!

George Ehrhart has a full supply of hard and soft coal, and wood at his yard, north of Shellabarger's mill. 18d

The best 25c. meal in Decatur at Leffingwell's old stand. j11d&w1w

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The Struggle at Springfield.

Special to the REVIEW.

SPRINGFIELD, January 22.—The house adjourned at four o'clock without electing a speaker. This evening the democratic members held a caucus at the St. Nicholas, but decided on no definite course of action. One democratic member is absent on account of sickness in his family, and is anxiously awaited and expected to arrive at any moment. When the house adjourned this afternoon it was to meet to-morrow morning at nine o'clock. In the caucus just held Haines was nominated for speaker, Cronkrite having withdrawn. The house is not likely to organize tomorrow on account of the absent democratic member.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Proceedings of the Thirty-first Day, Judge C. B. Smith, Presiding.

PEOPLE'S DOCKET.

People vs Lewis Rankin—manslaughter. The case was given to the jury yesterday afternoon at half past three, after somewhat lengthy instructions, after which the jury retired in charge of Constable Harris. In case they found the defendant guilty, they were instructed to fix his sentence at a term of imprisonment for the rest of his natural life or for as many years as they believed the crime justified. Attorneys Bunn and Parke defended the prisoner and States Attorney Vail and I. R. Mills appeared for the people. The jury was out about five minutes when they agreed on a verdict of "not guilty," and returned it to the court. Judge Smith immediately dismissed them.

People vs Ras Peterson—burglary and larceny. The defendant was arraigned for trial and his attorney, Thomas Lee, stated he was ready for trial, but on finding that several important witnesses for the defendant were not present, he asked that the case be continued until this morning, and the judge granted the request. Witnesses were notified to be on hand at eight o'clock.

IN NEW ORLEANS.

THE ATTENDANCE OF COLORED CHILDREN AT THE SCHOOLS.

Exceedingly Anxious to Learn Up to a Certain Point—Effects of Education Upon the Colored Laboring Man—A Problem.

[New Orleans Cor Chicago Times]

In passing through the streets of New Orleans the stranger is impressed by the large number of colored girls and boys whom he sees going to and from their schools. The schools for colored children are very largely attended in New Orleans, and, as a rule, the pupils are said to be quite proficient in the rudimentary branches. They learn to read, write, and do "sums" in arithmetic quite readily, but very few of them, I am told, exhibit any desire to climb the hill of knowledge much higher. They are exceedingly anxious to learn—up to a certain point; but when that point is reached they consider themselves fully "educated," and, with rare exceptions, are not ambitious to explore the mysteries of science or wrestle with the classics. But some of these exceptions are really notable. At the Leland university, an institution in the suburbs of the city, which has an endowment out of the Peabody fund, there are a number of attendants who have become ... who, ten years ago, could neither read nor write English, has not only acquired a good knowledge of that tongue, but has also become highly proficient in Greek and Latin. I am told that he is familiar with a wide range of classical literature, and that he will devote the remainder of his life to the teaching of the dead languages.

Very few, indeed of the rising colored gentlemen in this city are growing up in absolute illiteracy. The colored youth who can not read the daily newspaper, or write a letter to his "girl," finds himself a target for the ridicule of his associates. The desire to escape the reproach of being an "ignorant nigger" leads many colored boys and girls to study their readers and their spellers who would otherwise neglect them, and thus a sense of pride rather than a thirst for knowledge induces them to put forth efforts to keep pace with their more eager and ambitious companions.

The little smattering of education which most of the colored youth of to-day are receiving in the city—on the plantations the "niggers" are not so forward—does not in all cases, I am told, have a tendency to increase their immediate usefulness to the community. There is universal complaint to the effect that few colored women under 30 make good servants. The old and the middle aged—those who were born in slavery and whose heads have not been turned by "book larnin'"—are in great demand for household work, because—so I was told by a New Orleans lady—they "know their places," understand their duties, and are not consumed by a devouring ambition to shine in the world of society and of letters. The colored female who is "educated," on the contrary, is prone to look upon household service as somewhat beneath her, and only accepts it as a dernier resort. She is not anxious to excel in the art of cookery, or to gain a reputation as a waiter or a chambermaid. She demands special consideration from her employer upon the score of her attainments and accomplishments, and her object in life is to make a "brilliant" matrimonial alliance, to rise in the social scale, and to become the head of her own establishment. Her ambition is very laudable, to be sure, and all that, but it is exceedingly inconvenient to those who are dependent upon her for their daily rations.

And so with the young colored men who are graduates from the primary schools. They do not care to be coachmen, or barbers, or whitewashers, or teamsters, or porters, and only accept such employment under the pressure of dire necessity, and until they can do something better. They wish to be letter-carriers, or policemen, or bank cashiers, or palace-car dignitaries. This is a laudable ambition, but highly inconvenient to the haughty Caucasian who may employ one of these scholarly personages in the capacity of teamster, for instance, or a whitewasher. "We like to see the colored men getting along," said a former slaveholder to me a day or two ago after he had been enumerating some of the shortcomings of the "educated niggers" when engaged in humble employments. "We like to see them acquiring knowledge and accumulating property, and displaying an ambition to rise in life. We keep up their schools and help their churches and try to encourage them in all their efforts to better their condition. But, really, in so doing, we seem to be destroying the sources of supply for many departments of labor, and more especially of female labor. The problem which is thus being raised really promises to be a serious one, both for the color people and for the whites."

"Endolithy."

[Scientific Journal.]

A way has been discovered by which marble may be saturated with a certain paint so that it is possible to place a flower or a head upon a block of marble, and then obtain as many slabs bearing the imprint as one sees fit to have the block sawed into. The process is called "Endolithy."

ADOWN THE YEARS

[Robert Loveman in Texas Siftings.]

Perhaps I may
  Have gone amiss
To steal one day,
  From her a kiss;
But heaven knows,
  I'd suffer pain,
And direst woes,
  To kiss again.

'Twas long ago,
  And yet I vow,
It thrilled me so,
  It seems as now;
And through the mist
  Of many years,
The girl I kissed,
  I see in tears.

That she should cry,
  And rail at fate
Was more than I
  Dare contemplate:
So on that day
  Adown the years
I kissed away
  Her pretty fears.

Sing, Poet sing,
  Of what you will
The sweetest thing,
  Is love's first thrill;
And of all joys
  The height of bliss,
Is but a boy's
  First loving kiss.

NEWSPAPER WRITERS.

Contributors to the Magazines—Writers for the Daily Press—Fame.

[Louisville Courier Journal]

After all the best mechanics are not amateurs, but those who make it the business of their lives. Most of the best writers in the country are engaged in practical newspaper work, as little recognized as this fact may be. Writing is their profession, and they do it better in almost every case than amateurs. A large number of the magazine writers of to-day are professional men, scientific men, soldiers, travelers and explorers. The subject matter of their articles makes them valuable, not the manner in which it is presented. Many and many an interesting sketch or profound essay is written in an awkward and ungraceful way, which no good city editor would allow one of his reporters to use. Columns are read through, and the gist found tucked away in a few lines at the end. No wonder Dean Swift said that books were like lobsters—you must look for the best meat in their tails and lay the bodies untasted back in the dish.

The economy of space restricts the sphere of newspaper writers. A good journalist knows that anything more than a column, or a column and a half at the outside, is seldom read through. He writes to be read, and restricts himself accordingly. A practical writer learns to condense volumes in a paragraph. "A good reporter would put the story of Jean Valjean in a column and a half and would make his escape from the galleys the sensational incident," said an editor, one of the best local writers Louisville has ever had, not long ago. And no sketches as short as these will give a man reputation unless exceptionally brilliant.

There are exceptions to this rule, as there are to all others, but these do not prove the reverse to be true. The reading public are not critics, and these things pass unnoticed. Many a brilliant writer is toiling on unknown, while men with not half his brains are becoming famous. The man who writes a column of paragraphs every day does infinitely more work, and usually does it better and brighter than the author who writes a mediocre novel once in two or three years. Yet it is rare, indeed that his achievement gets outside of the office where he toils for his daily bread. Fame does not come to the men who compose the fifth estate except now and then, the few instances only making duller and more prosaic the lives of the neglected. A brilliant article is copied extensively and widely read without ever attracting attention to the writer. It may be ...

Utilizing the Owl.

[Scientific American]

It is well known that crows, buzzards, ravens, and other similar birds attack all owls, even the largest, in the day time, as they are well aware that the bright daylight blinds owls to such an extent that it is impossible for them to defend themselves, and for this reason the huntsman uses a chained owl for attracting crows and other birds that he wishes to destroy. The owl is chained on an upright post or rod provided with a crotch or platform on which the bird can sit. This post or rod is connected with a rope or chain passing over suitable pulleys and extending to a hut, so that by pulling the rope or chain the support or platform on which the owl rests can be moved up or down, thus causing the owl to move about, flap his wings, and create a commotion to attract the other birds. A short distance from this post a low shanty or hut is erected, the side toward the post, on which the owl is chained, being provided with small openings, through which the barrels of the guns can be thrust. The hut should be erected at the base of a large tree, as many birds of prey prefer to take a short rest before attacking their enemy, the owl.

A short time after the owl has been chained, it is surrounded by a flying mob that begins to bother and pester it, the large birds being very bold and audacious in their attacks. The hunter in the shanty or hut can take good aim, and kill a large number of birds in a very short time, for it seems that the killing of some of the birds does not disturb the rest, and those dispatched by the hunter are immediately replaced by others.

The Cowboy on Roller Skates.

[St Paul Day]

"I am more used to riding horseback, and as soon as I straddled the layout I was wishing I had a buck rein, because I expected them to stiffen their knees and go to bucking, but they didn't. I walked them over to the other end of the corral to gentle 'em a little, and directly they started off at an easy canter, and were coming around back right through the herd; and there was a dude there with a stiff hat who was trying to cut out a Polled Angus heifer in a blue dress, and I fouled, roped both my hind legs in a hoop skirt, and it had me stretched out, ready for branding, quicker'n a spring calf can bawl with his mouth open and his lungs stretched. But I got up and got on again, and you ought to seen me exercise them vehicles! Of course they'd buck when I tried to hurry 'em, and they would rear up and fall back when I tried to stop 'em too quick; but I'll leave it to the boss herder of the whole lot if I didn't gallop 'em round there for three or four hours and had 'em roll over and over with me, and didn't get me off."

For the Same Reason.

"Sam, you are not honest. Why do you put all the good peaches on the top of the measure and the little ones below?" "Same reason sah, dat makes de front ob your house all marble, and de back gate chiefly slop-bar'l."

Prof. Swing: Optimism is the perpetual youth of the world. It is the sun shining after the storm; a smile shining through the rain of weeping; it is music heard in the night.

Gent's Fashionable

Calf sewed $3 shoe. None genuine without L. L. Ferris & Co.'s name stamped on the sole. Don't pay $4.50 any more at other stores. Truly millennium has come.

Attention.

Parties wishing to haul their own coal can get it as cheap at my yard as at the shaft.

j4tf GEO. W. EHRHART.

Change of Business

The undersigned having sold out her restaurant, at No. 114 North Water street, to Messrs. Crosthwait Bros., would respectfully ask for them a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon her.—[MRS. C. J. MARCOTT.

The restaurant business will be continued by the undersigned at the same place, under the firm name of Crosthwait Bros., and will be under the immediate control and management of L. L. Crosthwait. We respectfully ask a share of the patronage of the public.—[CROSTHWAIT BROS. 11d1w

Progressive.

Push on, go ahead, press forward, advancing, undeviating, driving, impulsive, resolute, sleepless, tireless, dashing, prompt pay, bold, skillful, constant, energetic, patient, confident, modern and enterprising shoe store of L. L. FERRIS & Co.

Goodness!

Excellence, preciousness, rareness, transcendence, deliciousness, daintiness, agreeableness, attractiveness, sweetness, exquisite, lovely, tony, durable, comfortable and cheap are those ladies shoes at

L. L. FERRISS & Co.

Tax Notice.

I have received the tax books, and am now ready to receive payment for taxes. Call at my office, over Gorin, Dawson & Co's bank, entrance from Merchant street side.—[CHAS C. RADCLIFF, Collector. j10d2w

Hosiery, underwear, gloves, nubias, mitts, etc., etc., at prices more liberal and lower than anybody's.

BIG 18 CHEAP STORE. j3d&w1w

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. ... $1. Sold ... all.

DON'T SUFFER

LONGER WITH

RHEUMATISM OR NEURALGIA

Mr. M. C. Warn, Assistant Cashier Merchants' National Bank, Toledo, O., says:

"My little girl was cured of Rheumatism after having suffered about three months, by the use of ATHLOPHOROS. I recommend it to all suffering with this disease."

No medicine has ever been discovered that so **quickly** and **surely** cures these diseases as

ATHLOPHOROS

W. K. Smith, Kankakee, Ill., says:

"My wife has suffered with acute Rheumatism and Neuralgia for fifteen years, ATHLOPHOROS is the first medicine that ever gave her anything but temporary relief. She has only taken two bottles, and feels it is a God send."

I. T. Smith, 164 Washington Street, Chicago, says:

"Have suffered with Rheumatism for five years. After using 2½ bottles of ATHLOPHOROS am entirely free from all pain."

If you cannot get ATHLOPHOROS of your druggist we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—one dollar per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from us, as directed.

ATHLOPHOROS CO.

112 WALL ST. NEW YORK

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of David C. Kretzer, Deceased

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons having claims and demands against the estate of David C Kretzer, deceased, to present the same for adjudication and settlement at a regular term of the County Court of Macon County, to be holden at the Court House, in the City of Decatur, on the second Monday of February, A. D 1885 being the first day of said term

H. W WAGGONER, Administrator.

Decatur, Ill., December 27, A. D. 1884.

d28d1w

ADMINISTRATRIX'S NOTICE.

Estate of HENRY KOSSICK, deceased:

THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed administratrix with will annexed of the estate of Henry Kossick, deceased, late of the county of Macon, state of Illinois, hereby gives notice that she will appear before the county court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, at the March term, A. D. 1885, on the 3d Monday in March next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 30th day of December, 1884.

DINA KOSSICK, Administratrix with will Annexed d30d4w

Sweeping Reduction!

In all grades of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES!

Jewlery, Silverware, and all Fancy Goods.

We have too many goods on hand, and if low prices will be an inducement to buyers, we are determined to dispose of them.

Do not buy ONE DOLLAR'S WORTH of goods in our line until you have seen our stock and prices.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,

JEWELERS.

HENRY LYON

DEALER IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries and Provisions,

NO. 154 NORTH MERCHANT ST.

Decatur, Ills.

Highest market price paid for country produce. Orders by telephone and otherwise promptly filled and goods delivered in any part of the city. n30tf

GREAT BARGAIN

—IN—

REAL ESTATE!

The T. O. Smith Willow Branch Farm,

Containing 640 acres four miles west of Macon Station, and one-half mile north of Moweaqua. There are 450 acres of tillable land the balance being creek bottom and timber pasture well set in blue grass. Willow Branch, a living stream runs through it. It has a living spring in the pasture. The dwelling is a fine two-story house on a lovely hill 300 yards from a public school house. There is a fine bearing orchard.

Price $25 Per Acre.

One half cash, and the balance in payments to suit purchasers.

For further particulars apply to

GEO W BRIGHT, Agt. First National Bank, Decatur Ill

OUR BARGAIN COLUMN.

FOR RENT.—House of four rooms, bath-room, well, cistern in kitchen coal shed, chicken house and other conveniences. Apply at 253 South Park street. j23d1w

FOR SALE.—Two Number 1 and one Number 2 Caligraph type-writing machines. Cheap for cash. Call on or address James Durfee at Circuit Clerk's office. j21d1w*

WANTED—Everybody that is dissatisfied with their boarding-house, to call and try us, at No. 437 East William street. We guarantee satisfaction. Board and lodging $4.00 per week, day board $3.50. We know what you want, and are prepared to furnish it. Good fare, plenty to eat, and good beds, with plenty of clean covers. TICHENOR & BROWN, Decatur, Ill.

Jan 18 1w

WANTED.—A situation as housekeeper for widower. Address C L, No 1418 North Jasper street. Jan16 3t*

FOR SALE.—At a bargain, two lots, 100 feet square, in Dalton City with good house of three rooms, never failing well inside of kitchen. Call on or address J. M. DRAPER Dalton City, Illinois 19 1w

WANTED.—To buy a ... cheap. Address No. 545 West Wood St. j13 1w*

MONEY TO LOAN.—$1,000 on real estate. Apply to MONTGOMERY & SHULL. Real Estate Loan and Insurance Agents. j10d1w

FOR RENT.—Several good houses in all parts of the city. Apply to MONTGOMERY & SHULL, Real Estate Agents. j10d1w

WANTED.—At the St. Nicholas Hotel, a good laundry woman. Apply immediately. j9 1w

EDITION No. 10 of "Compendium of Advertising" will be issued soon—2,000 copies. Rare chance for business men to place their wares before the public. Will call for copy. C. R. SPORE, Publisher. j10d1w

FOR SALE.—A good farm of 80 acres, with abundance of fruit, in Jefferson county. Will exchange for property in Decatur. Address A. T. Willard, Illiopolis, Ill. j20d1w*

BERRY FORD, Tonsorial Artist having fitted up a Barber Shop in Blue Mound, respectfully solicits a share of your patronage. Give him a call. Jan 12d&w1w

FOR SALE.—Cheap, one mounted Ottawa corn sheller in good running condition, geared for horse or steam power. Apply at once to F. M. Pratt, Ullrich's block. d23d&w

FOR RENT.—A new house of four rooms, with or without barn, at 768 East Wood street. Inquire on premises. dec24d1w

FOR RENT.—Two good rooms in Rothfuss' Block, South side old Square suitable for lodging rooms for business offices. Inquire of Dr. W. H. LEE, on the premises.

WANTED.—Parents, wards and guardians to know there is nothing that can be of more service all through life than a practical Business Education. Call and read letters from prominent business men and former students endorsing the Central Business College. d14d1m

LAUNDRIES.—Hop Hong's laundries, No. 152 South Main street and basement room, under Cheap Charley's clothing store on the corner of Merchant and Main, Hart's old stand. Shirts, 10 cts, collars, 3 cts, cuffs, 5 cts a pair, underwear, 2 for 15 cts. Work every day. 1smo

FOR SALE.—Lots in the Gault addition to Decatur, only seven blocks from the postoffice on high, dry ground, for sale on easy terms, by M. G. Patterson, opera house block, n1ftf

FARM FOR SALE.—The northeast quarter of section 27, within half mile of the city limit of Tuscola, Douglas county. Inquire of Bundy & Woolverton, Tuscola, or G. Howell, Decatur, Ill. o21 1m

WANTED.—By V. H. Parke, custom for any kind of stock food. Hard and soft coal, are kindling &c. He guarantees good quality and full weights. Prices as low as good material can be sold for. Deliver to any part of the city. Telephone No 55. sept3datf

FOR SALE.—By V. H. Parke: Corn, oats, baled hay, baled straw, bran, shorts, New York dairy feed for milk cows, chop feed for horses; hard coal, soft coal, any kind of fire wood fire kindling &c., at fair prices, delivered promptly. Telephone 55. Largest establishment of the kind in the city. Prices always reasonable. Adjoining the tabernacle. sept3dtf

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1885

Harper's Young People.

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

The serial and short stories in Harper's Young People have all the dramatic interest that juvenile fiction can possess while they are wholly free from what is pernicious or vulgarly sensational. The humorous stories and pictures are full of innocent fun and the papers on natural history, and science, travel and the facts of life, are by writers whose names give the best assurance of accuracy and value. Illustrated papers on athletic sports, games and pastimes give full information on these subjects. There is nothing cheap about it but its price.

An epitome of everything that is attractive and desirable in juvenile literature—Boston Courier.

A weekly of good things to the boys and girls in every family which it visits.—Brooklyn Union.

It is wonderful in its wealth of pictures information and interest—Christian Advocate, New York.

Terms: Post Prepaid, $2 per year

VOL. VI commencing Nov. 4. 1884

Single numbers, Five Cents each.

Remittances should be made by postoffice money order or draft to avoid chance of loss

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Bros.

Address, HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

HARPERS' PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4.00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4.00
HARPER'S BAZAR	4.00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	1.50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY One Year (52 numbers)	10.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States and Canada.

The Volumes of the *Weekly* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned it will be understood the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Weekly*, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittance should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss.

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS, New York.

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year:

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4.00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	$4.00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	$4.00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	$1.50
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY One Year (52 Numbers)	$10.00

Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada.

The Volumes of the *Bazar* begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the Number next after the receipt of order.

The last Four Annual Volumes of *Harper's Bazar*, in neat cloth binding will be sent by mail postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7.00 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $1.00 each.

Remittance should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of HARPER & BROS.

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York.

FLEURY,

"THE FRENCH CUTTER."

Merchant Tailoring.

158 Merchant St.

SAVE your GAS and EYESIGHT

by using ROYLE'S PATENT PENDU-LIGHT, the cheapest and best sewing and reading light ever placed on the market—also very ornamental as permanent fixture. Brings the light down to the work and out of eyes. Examine one. For sale by

KOENEMEYER & O'NEILL, North Main St.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

OUR

GREAT CLEARING

SALE

Will Begin at Once.

UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS!

In Silk, Cloth and Plush

CLOAKS!

SPECIAL REDUCTION

—IN—

Fancy Dress Goods,

Hosiery; Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Notions, Underwear, Flannels, Blankets, Yarns, Hoods, Nubias, and every description of winter goods.

Remnants

—OF—

BRUSSELS AND INGRAIN

CARPETS

Varying in length from one yard to quantities suitable for small rooms. at very low prices.

We shall add to our stock New, Fresh Goods every day, adapted to the wants of the present and coming season.

Our trade has NEVER been better than for the last 12 months, not withstanding the general depression in business throughout the entire country. And this extraordinary result can be traced to the fact that our stock is LARGE, varied, well assorted, and complete in all appointments, that we sell goods cheap, and that the people know it.

LINN & SCRUGGS!

Agents Butterick's Patterns, the Old Dominion Buck Gloves, and the Hercules laundried and unlaundried Shirts.

THE REVIEW

FRIDAY, JAN. 23, 1885.

LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Dry stove wood at Geo. Ehrhart's. 18d

Adjourned meeting of the council this evening.

Boys' all-wool flannel waists at B. Stine's. d6 tf

Book keeping class to-night at the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

Choice bulk and canned oysters at Wood Bros'. d6dw

Lodging 25 cents, at Combs & Inman's. j11d&w1w

Nice mixed candies 15c per pound at Wood Bros'. d6dw

Home made broken candy 20c per pound at Wood Bros'. d6dw

All-wool red flannel drawers, at B Stine's, 75 cents a pair d6-tf

The cold prevents sleighing to be indulged in to any large extent.

A handsome line of candy boxes for the holidays at Wood Bros. d6dw

Board and lodging at Combs & Inman's,136S. Main street. d&w1w

A part of the "Rag Baby" company was entertained at the Palace hotel.

Fresh pies and cakes every day at Leffingwell's old stand. j11d&w1w

The Wabash wreck at Sidney cost the company about four thousand dollars.

Home made bread a specialty at Combs & Inman's, 136 South Main street. j11d&w1w

Gents' smoking jackets, the latest novelties for Christmas presents, at B. Stine's. d6-tf

Novelties in gents' smoking jackets just received for Christmas presents, at B. Stine's. d6-tf

The largest and best assortment of Christmas candies in the city at Wood Bros'. d6dw

All kinds of coal and wood at F. D. Caldwell's, Telephone Nos. 47 and 306. Jan23dtf

Orders for Pana coal, both lump and nut, promptly delivered by F. D. Caldwell. j23dtf

George W. Ehrhart's coal yard and office is north of Shellabarger's mill. on Water street. d16dtf

Pana coal takes the lead, there is no better in this market. Sold only by F. D Caldwell. j23dtf

Try a load of Pana coal, there is no better in the market. Sold only by F. D. Caldwell. j23dtf

Book keeping is now taught at the Central Business College by the month or quarter. j18d&w

Dr. J. Brown will pay cash for a first-class horse. Must not weigh less than 1200 lbs. j20d2tw1t.

The south bound Central train was six hours late last evening, owing to the snow and cold further north.

The weather commenced moderating last evening, the thermometer resting on its oars at about zero.

Maple sugar, Java coffee, nice uncanvassed hams, fresh eggs and butter at Peck & Co.'s. Opera Block. j17 d1w

George Ehrhart can furnish you the best soft coal in town for $2.25 per ton delivered. Telephone 139 j4tf

This will be visitors' night at the meeting of the High school literary society.

Orders for Decatur coal taken at the shaft or at Armstrong's drug store. Orders promptly filled. Terms cash. dtf

The "New Deal" breaking plow, the latest and best thing out, for sale by Spencer, Lehman & Co. See them. J22w

If you attend court this week, you should board with Combs & Inman, 136 South Main street. j11d&w1w

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET, BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8d&wtf

Canned and bulk oysters and fresh celery at P. Ruebsamen & Co's at their new store next to Millikin's Bank N1–&f

Leave orders at the St. Nicholas hotel for the Citizens' baggage wagon. All calls promptly attended to. Telephone No. 45. j1d1y

Amos Howenstein was taken to Jacksonville yesterday afternoon for treatment at the hospital for the insane.

Use Stafford's inks and Leon Isaac's Glucinum pens. They can be found at the City Book Store. j23d1t

The Hamburg distillery, at Pekin, shipped seventy-five barrels of alcohol to Marseilles, France, one day last week.

Jurymen and witnesses can secure good board at reasonable prices, at Leffingwell's old stand, 136 S. Main street. d&w1w

A semi-annual dividend of 4 per cent, payable March first, has just been declared by the directors of the Illinois Central.

Squire Albert wants to be re-elected to his present office at the coming spring election. He says he will surely be a candidate.

Dan Sully to-night in a 'Corner Grocery." He is a splendid Irish comedian and the play is extremely funny and laughable.

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET, BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8d&wtf

St. John has come and gone, but Combs & Inman are still serving the best 25 cent meal in the city at Leffingwell's old stand. d&w1w

Wiggins, the Canadian weather prophet, is dead. He shuffled off the mortal coil shortly after predicting that this would be a mild winter.

The Wabash train due here from Chicago at three thirty p. m., did not arrive yesterday until midnight, owing to the snow around Chicago.

Chapman will be hanged at Charleston to-day at two o'clock, by Sheriff Hamilton. The execution will only be witnessed by a few people.

Bob Burdette will give his "Advice to a Young Man" at the opera house next Monday evening. January 26th. Hear Bob and have a good laugh. j21d5t

Some people wonder where tramps sleep these fearful cold nights. If they would examine their barns before going to bed they could find one of their plans,

The Sunday school teachers meet to-night at 7:30. Come. Lesson: Acts xxi 1 14. Subject: "Paul Goes to Jerusalem." Everybody is cordially invited to attend.

Mr. Berry Ford, a competent and popular barber and hair dresser, has opened a shop in Blue Mound, where he will be pleased to attend to the wants of customers. d1w

Dan Sully, the happy Irish comedian, will fill a return engagement in this city on Friday evening, presenting for the second time this season, his "Corner Grocery."

REMEMBER J. W. BAKER'S NEW SHOE STORE ON MERCHANT STREET, BETWEEN LYON'S GROCERY AND COLE'S DRUG STORE. j8 d&wtf

Greeley went in the wrong direction in search of the north pole. If he had waited until now and then come west to Macon county, he would most likely have found it.

Capt T. W. S. Kidd, of the Springfield Monitor, is announced to deliver his lecture, "Lawyer Lincoln, by the Crier of the Court," at Taylorville, on Tuesday evening next.

The Pana Gazette advocates the erection of a new court house for Edgar county, and wants the tax-payers or the board of supervisors to build one at the cost of $75,000 to $80,000.

How foolish for men to go galavanting around at great expense and risk of life in search of the north pole, when by waiting patiently they can find it in Illinois almost any winter.

A business meeting of the citizens of Jacksonville has been held and committees appointed to receive the Illinois Press association, and make arrangements for their entertainment.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to George W. McCool and Miss Minnie E Ground, of Mt. Zion, and George E. Doolen, of Christian county, and Miss Mary Flow, of Blue Mound.

There have been more theatrical people called off the road this season than ever before. The trouble was there were some companies on the road that should never have been called out.

Farmers and business men should go to Crosthwait Bros.' restaurant for meals. They serve everything the market affords, and always prepared in the most palatable style of the culinary art.

The attendance at the circuit court yesterday was the largest of this term, which was probably owing to the fact that the weather was too cold for comfortable corner loafing, and that a man was on trial for murder.

P. J. Drake has opened a fine stock of staple and fancy groceries and provisions at No. 156 South Main street—in the room formerly occupied by P. Ruebsamen & Co.—and solicits a share of public patronage. j8tf

If you want to spend a pleasant evening hear Burdette, the Burlington Hawkeye man, Monday night, Jan 27th, who delivers the fourth lecture of the course. "Bob" convulses with laughter all who hear him.

A claim of $52 in favor of J. B Bullard and one of $58 60 in favor of John Griffin were allowed yesterday in the county court against the estate of Joseph Troutman. A claim of $54.10 was allowed against the estate of George Outten.

Peoria papers say the railroad men there propose to give the people as good a show as Chicago or St. Louis. We wish they would do likewise by Decatur, instead of dicriminating in favor of Bloomington, Quincy and other neighboring cities.

An exchange thinks railroads should pay conductors better salaries, not only because it is deserved. but because it would be economy to railroads. Then there would be no necessity of setting "a thief to catch a thief," as the saying goes.

The Peoria Democrat says, "the new system known as checkers, went into effect yesterday." The Democrat comes pretty near to keeping up with this progressive age. This system has only been in operation on the Wabash for about three months.

Give your boy a practical business education, and you leave him a fortune. Call and read letters from former students endorsing the Central Business College, who are now holding responsible positions. Book keeping can be taken by the month or quarter. j18d&w1w

WANTED—A purchaser for $2,600 worth of Long Creek township bonds, issued June 1, 1884, payable in 1, 2, 3, and 4 years, with interest at 6 per cent. per annum. payable annually. Will be sold so that purchaser may realize 8 per cent. on his investment. Inquire at this office.

Mr. Arthur H. Hayes, who has made a number of friends among Y. M C A. boys during the month he has been in this city, started last evening for his home in Rochester, N. Y. He carries with him the good wishes of those whom he frequently met at the rooms while here.

The ice men are in the midst of their harvest and are storing a great deal of ice of a very fine quality. Mr Antrim is filling the house on Cerro Gordo street and Mr Maffit his house at Cow Ford. Day before yesterday it was almost impossible for the work men to stand the intense cold.

Lincoln business men are making an effort to have the western branch of the Duryea Starch Works located at that place. The agent of the company rather inclines to Pekin as a suitable and available point. The company might go farther and fare worse than by giving Decatur a call.

The New York News, of June 14, 1884, says: "The success of Dan Sully, as 'Michael Nolan,' in his comical screed, the 'Corner Grocery,' at Tony Pastor's theatre, is immense and well-deserved. The theatre is packed nightly. The play will probably run all summer." Prices 35, 50 and 75 cents.

Sleigh riding is a pleasant sport but just what pleasure the young folks can get out of it by going on at eight o'clock in the evening and remaining until midnight, with the thermometer twenty degrees below zero, is something old folks cannot understand. Probably they never indulged in their youthful days,

The state board of agriculture will meet on the 10th of February, to decide upon the place for holding the state fair for the next two years. We see no good reason why it should not be held in Decatur, while the advantages of location, railroad facilities, etc., are largely in favor of Decatur over many other points named.

THE greatest foe of American people is consumption; its victims number many thousands each year. Physicians and druggists have at last found a remedy which they feel justified in recommending. This is Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which cures consumption in stages that other remedies are of no benefit. It cures coughs, colds and all throat and lung diseases speedily and safely. Price, 50 cents and $1. Trial bottles free.

Miss S. C Watson left yesterday evening for Newman, Douglas county, where she has removed her millinery stock and opened a splendid line of of seasonable goods. During her residence in this city she made many friends, who will wish her success in her new location, and who will cheerfully commend her to the people of Newman, as worthy their confidence and patronage.

The Taylorville Democrat of yesterday says: "On the eve of going to press we learn that Miss Emma Bond is still in a very precarious condition Dr. Cornell, her physician, was out to see her on Tuesday, and he reports, as we are informed, that she is still unconscious most of the time and has almost entirely, at least for the time being, lost her sense of hearing and smelling; and yet the doctor thinks he can bring her through her present spell."

For several years past the Wabash western passenger trains have made connections with the I. B. & W. at this point, but since this branch of the latter road has been made a "jerk water" affair, the connections are made at Danville Junction in compliance with the following order of General Ticket Agent Chandler, of the Wabash: "On and after January 18th connections for through business between the W. St. L. & P. and the I. B & W railway will be made at Danville Junction instead of Decatur, as heretofore. Agents are notified to withdraw from sale all tickets which read via Decatur or via the I. B. & W. east to Indianapolis

Our friend, J. J. Odale writes us from Wedington, Arkansas, enclosing a year's subscription to the REVIEW, and concluding his letter as follows: "I have now been in Arkansas—the land of cut-throats and rebels—three years, and have attended two state elections and the late presidential election. They all passed off as quietly and as peaceable as any election I ever attended in any country, and I did not see any shotgun, revolver or club brought to bear to aid in keeping the peace or to influence votes, or have I seen any fraudulent means used nor intimidation resorted to, whatever. There is not a saloon in this (Washington) county nor in the adjoining county of Benton, that I know of. The criminal court of this county does up all the business of the term in two or three days. There is a few, but very few, of the old "bushwhackers" of the rebellion still in this county, and every one that I know of votes the republican ticket. And yet up north they still howl about the rebels carrying everything in the south!"

A Rag Baby.

Well, it was a rag baby, and the audience was respectfully requested not to expect a wax doll with real hair, and eyes that open and shut. The comedy, farce, tragedy, or what ever you choose to call it, was divided into three acts, thus giving the audience two chances to rest and think it over. It was produced at the opera house last evening before an immense audience with Funny Frank Daniels as "Old Sport," who was enamored of sporting life, and was "cracked" on anything pertaining to it. The play is simply to show Daniels, supported by a powerful company, and he improves every advantage to display his wonderful mirth provoking antics. He is a good comedian in the fullest sense of the word, but his peculiarities are indescribable. One must see him to enjoy a hearty laugh. Tony Jay, Clara, Venus, the policeman, and in fact all the characters of the funny piece were well presented Several pleasing songs were introduced. The audience seemed not to tire of Daniels and gave him several encores. There is but one Frank Daniels, and he will always be welcomed in Decatur.

Acquitted.

Lewis Rankin was acquitted in the circuit court yesterday afternoon of the charge of killing Martin Connelly, after a trial of two days' duration. The jury was only out ten minutes.

WHY IS THIS THUS?

The Loose Way in Which the Council Handle our Finances.

The thorough thoughlessness, or more properly speaking, negligence and carelessness that city authorities oftimes display is well calculated to cause the taxpayer's hair to stand on end like quills upon the fretful porcupine. Here in Decatur we have a striking illustration of careless officials, but the public is not generally acquainted with the fact. The council is composed of ten solid, substantial business men, who in personal affairs have displayed sagacity and shrewdness that has in nearly every case acquired them a fair recompense. Generally speaking, they evince sufficient care in municipal matters especially in minor details of city business, but in regard to the most important feature that comes under their jurisdiction, they display a woeful want of judgment that would almost be inadmissable on the part of a ten year-old boy. This feature is the city finances and without dwelling on the present depleted condition of the treasury, and the indebtedness the council has incurred, and which has only been restricted from being larger, by law, we would cite one instance of gross carelessness that occurs at every regular meeting Each month, claims aggregating $5,000 and upwards are presented to the council. They are deposited on the clerk's desk and in the regular order of business, he takes them up and reads the names of the claimant and the amount due him, together with the "O. K." of some alderman, policeman or other city employe. Upon a motion to allow the claim and draw a warrant for its payment, it is paid the next day. It is time a halt be called in this erroneous way of doing business. The council has no right to accept and pay for goods indiscriminately, merely on the recommendation of an employe, who, in the first place, had no authority to purchase them on his own responsibility, even though they be for city use. There is a purchasing committee in the council upon which this very duty devolves, and upon the order of some member of it only, should purchases be made. There isn't an alderman in the council who would sit in his private office and consent to pay a number of bills, even in small amounts, that had been incurred without his knowledge or order simply because one of his employes vouchsafed their correctness. He would be more apt to "fire" an employe for assuming so much responsibility or make him pay for the goods himself Admitting that all city purchases were made by the proper committee, it is a grave mistake for the council to order their payment in the way they do. Every bill should be handed in the night before the regular meetings. and each and every one should be carefully audited by the finance committee, which finding them correct should make out a full report and pay roll to be submitted to the council for approval. This would be business like and according to law, and the aldermen know it, for some have made admissions that this character of business was being carelessly handled. It would show the people that the finances of the city were being jealously guarded, instead of being more loosely handled than resolutions for a board crossing, or gasoline lamp post. It is seldom that a bill is referred to the finance committee and a surprise when one reaches the council with its correctness attested to by the signatures of the members of the purchasing committee. Both committees are absolutely ornamental. How absurdly silly for business men to permit such things. [We wonder they do not blush for shame when they meet a taxpayer. Such financial administration would never have placed their respective business on a solid basis, and what can they expect to accomplish for the city if they continue pursuing their present foolish course. They should call a halt at once, and work a much needed reform in the financial management of this city.

A Mountain Pink,

Laura Dainty will appear here next Wednesday evening in "A Mountain Pink," of which the Chicago Herald says the following: "At the Standard theatre last evening a fair audience witnessed Laura E Dainty's capital impersonation of Sincerity Weeks, in Baron and Bates' play, "A Mountain Pink." Miss Dainty, although she has played all around Chicago, had never until last night the pleasure of appearing in it before a Chicago audience. She was very favorably received, and at the end of the first act was burdened down with floral tributes. After the performance nearly one hundred friends met her on the stage and congratulated her on her success. Miss Dainty has certainly made rapid progress in her art, and success for her on the stage now seems assured." Prices 35, 50 and 75 cents.

Visitors' Night.

The regular weekly meeting of the High School Literary Society will be held this evening, at the building, and a cordial invitation is extended to all the friends of the society to be present, as it is visitors' night, and a very fine programme has been arranged for their edification. It is as follows:

Recitation—Pluck and Prayer—Miss Lucy Keeler.
Vocal solo—O, Fair Dove: O, Fond Dove—Miss Ida Eyman.
Essay—Miss Mamie Abel.
Recitation—An Old Maid's Decision—Miss Myra Carmany.
Debate—Affirmative, Harry Watts and John Magee; negative, Ralph Templeman and Harry Bumstead

12 Ladies'

Satin circulars, fur trimmed, elegant quality, worth, good value, $20. We offer them at just (½) half—that is, $10.

Big 18 CHEAP STORE. j9dw

Attention Coal Consumers.

If you want coal that will not fill your stove with clinkers, try George Ehrhart, telephone 139. j23tf

CHILLED TO DEATH.

Wm Hallett, the Victim—Coroner's Inquest and Verdict.

On Wednesday evening a party of young folks from Niantic went to Mt. Auburn in a bob sled to attend a dance. William Hallett, aged twenty-seven, being among the number. When ready to start home Hallett went to the stable to get the team and sled in readiness, and it was noticed that he occupied a seeming unnecessary length of time for the purpose. Hallett did the driving when coming back to Niantic, and after going a few miles the bed of the sleigh became misplaced by driving too near the edge of the road, and the party had to alight until it could be replaced. A few miles further on Hallett was seen to topple from his seat into the snow, and when his friends stopped the team and picked him up they discovered that he had been drinking and they believed he was freezing. He was placed in the sled and as hurriedly as possible the team was driven to Niantic, and Hallett taken to Lockhart's hotel and put to bed. At six o'clock yesterday morning he died.

Coroner Perl was notified a few hours later and drove to Niantic to hold an inquest on the body. A jury composed of Dr. J. H. Rice, Francis Smith, H. C. Dauley, James T. Stein. Thomas S. Moon and Dr. E. S Pafis was impanelled. Several young men and women, who were in the party, were called as witnesses and gave their testimony in accordance with the above facts The jury returned the following verdict: "From the best evidence obtainable, we find the deceased came to his death from exposure to the excessive cold in coming from Mt. Auburn in a sled, and further, it is our opinion that his death would not have occurred had it not been that he was somewhat under the influence of liquor at the time, or soon after leaving Mt. Auburn."

The deceased had a widowed mother, two brothers and a sister residing a few miles west of Niantic, and was also a brother of Z. Hallett, of this city. A few years ago, his father, Isiah Hallet, was frozen to death at Calamus Lake, near Niantic.

The funeral of the deceased will occur to day.

PERSONAL.

Springfield Monitor: Mr. F. H. Saunders, accompanied by a large grip-sack, departed last evening for Decatur, to spend a week or two.

Messrs. James G. Shea and L. F. Martin have returned home from Springfield, where they attended the meeting of the State Tile Makers' Association.

Chas. H. Hoyt, Frank Daniels Chas. H. Drew, Miss Bessie Sanson and Wm. G. Hunter, jr., of the "Rag Baby" company, were entertained at the St. Nicholas.

Laura Dainty will be here on next Wednesday evening in "A Mountain Pink," in which she will assume the character of "Sincerity Weeks." She is a refined elocutionist and a splendid actress.

W. M. Haworth, of Decatur, returned home last night, having been attending the tile-makers' convention. His father is one of the proprietors of the celebrated Haworth check-rower establishment.—Springfield Monitor

Saved by Her Bustle.

Bert Merriweather has caught the poetical fever. When he read Ben Boynton's production in yesterday's REVIEW, he could not conceal the chagrin he felt at Ben's success, and to get even he secluded himself, and after a brief conference with the muses, produced the following:

A darling young lady named Hussel,
Thought she'd give roller skating a "tussle."
Her skates proved erratic,
Her fall was emphatic,
But her dear life was saved by a bustle.

OPERA HOUSE.

Friday Eve., Jan. 23d.

Return of the Best of All Laughing Shows,

DAN'L SULLY'S

CORNER GROCERY.

The Greatest Comedy Hit of the Age.

The only Laughing Show that ever made a Three Months' Run in New York City.

Remember, Friday Eve., Jan. 23d

—IS—

DANIEL SULLY'S EVENING!

Popular Prices—35, 50 and 75 cents. Seats now on sale at Curtis & Co's.

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY

Wednesday, Jan. 28,

Laura Dainty,

In the successful American Play,

A MOUNTAIN PINK,

Supported by a Star Cast.

Reserved seats on sale at Curtis & Co's. Popular Prices, 35, 50 and 75 cents.

SILVER METAL SPOONS AND FORKS.

ENTIRELY NEW.

Durable as Solid Silver.

Much Cheaper than Plated.

If you want something GOOD and reasonable in price examine these goods before you buy anything in this line.

MOREHOUSE, WELLS & CO,

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GARLAND STOVES AND RANGES

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BOTTLED BEER.

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Private Families.

Orders left at my Bottling Works

COR EAST MAIN & JACKSON STS.

Will be promptly attended to. Goods delivered to any part of the city. Orders from abroad solicited.

FRED KUNY.

A. D. BRIDGMAN, M. D.

Office and residence 1221 North Illinois St Call at office or Telephone No. 164.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, MACON COUNTY, } ss. Macon County Circuit Court.

Bertram Jameson vs William M. Smart—mechanic's lein No. 12,066. Public notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a decretal order entered in the above entitled cause in said court at the December term A. D, 1884, I, John A. Brown, Master in Chancery for said court, on

Saturday, the 7th Day of February, 1885,

at the hour of two o'clock p. m. of said day, shall sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the west door of the court house, in Decatur in said county, the following described real estate situate in the county of Macon and State of Illinois, to-wit: Lot twelve (12) in block fifteen (15) in the original town of Maroa, Ills., together with all and singular the tenements and hereditaments thereunto belonging. Said premises will be sold subject to redemption.

Decatur, Illinois, January 13th, 1885.

JOHN A. BROWN,
Master in Chancery for Macon County, Ill.

ELDRIDGE & HOSTETLER, Solicitors for Compl.

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136, South Main Street,

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Is the place to go for Good Meals, Fine Cigars, Cheap Confections, genuine home-made bread, fresh cakes and pies. Give us a call and be convinced.

COMBS & INMAN,
Proprietors.

CLOSING OUT

Of Furniture and Stoves. The goods must be sold soon. Rattan chairs, parlor chairs, cane chairs, book cases, centre tables, washstands, bed room suits, upholstered goods, lounges, single and double husk mattresses, hair mattresses, wool mattresses, pillows, hall-trees, mirrors, dressing cases, bureaus, bedsteads, and everything in the furniture line. Also Cook and Heating Stoves at Cost.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

BACHMAN BROS.

SOUTH PARK, SIGN BIG ELEPHANT

Danzeisen & Son

NEW MEAT MARKET

HAVE OPENED THEIR

NEW MEAT MARKET

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Which has been fitted up with new fixtures and everything put in the most complete order. We will keep constantly on hand all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats

Beef, Pork, Mutton, Ham, Bacon, Sausage, Lard, etc., etc., etc.,

WE SELD ONLY THE BEST QUALITY OF MEATS.

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THE REVIEW

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By mail (in advance) one year ... $1.00
If not paid in advance, per year ... 1 50
Specimen numbers sent free on application.

WAR IN THE DESERT.

Ten Thousand Valorous Arabs Dash Into a Storm of British Shot and Shell.

General Stewart's Command Fiercely Attacked While Struggling to Relieve "Chinese" Gordon.

The False Prophet's Dead Piled Up in Heaps—The Survivors Flee—The British Loss Numbers Seventy-Four.

ENGLISH GUNS IN EGYPT.

LONDON, Jan 22—A battle between General Stewart's troops, numbering 1,500, and 8,000 to 10,000 Arabs has been fought at a point in the Pass[illegible] desert, twenty three miles northwest from Metemneh, and near the caravan station of Shebacat, in which the rebels were routed. Among those who fell under the enemy's fire was Lieutenant-Colonel Burnaby. Besides Colonel Burnaby, the following were killed: Major Carmichael, Fifth Lancers; Major Atherton, Fifth Dragoons; Captain Dailey and Lieutenant Shaw, Fourth Dragoons; Lieutenant Wolfe, Scots Greys; and Lieutenants Pigott and De Lesle, of the Naval Brigade. Lord St. Vincent and Lord Airlie were wounded.

A dispatch has been received at the War Office from General Wolseley, dated Korti, Jan 21, 3 p m, which reads substantially as follows:

General Stewart has had a heavy engagement with a portion of El Mehdi's forces near the Abu Klea wells, about twenty three miles this side of Metemneh. The rebels had collected from Berber, Metemneh and Omdurman. In [illegible] place I regret to say so prisoners report was recently captured by El Mehdi and thus men were released from there to fight General Stewart. On the afternoon of January 16 General Stewart's cavalry reported that the enemy were in position one few miles this side of the wells. As it was too late in the day to allow of an advance and successful encounter General Stewart bivouacked where he was for the night. The enemy kept up a harmless fire all night and erected works on General Stewart's [illegible] flank. On Saturday General Stewart endeavored to draw the enemy on to make an attack, but the rebels hesitated. In consequence General Stewart [illegible] all his impediments also his camels, with a guard of the Sussex regiment and some mounted infantry and moved forward, keeping his forces in the form of a square. All the men were on foot. The British army passed around the enemy's flank forcing them to make an attack or be subject to an enfilade fire. The enemy wheeled to the left and made a well organized charge under a withering fire from our men. The square was unfortunately penetrated about its left rear, when a heavy cavalry and camel regiment were in possession by sheer weight of numbers. The admirable steadiness of our [illegible] enabled them to maintain a hand to hand fight with the opposing force, while severe punishment was being inflicted upon the enemy by all other parts of the square. The enemy was finally driven back [illegible] fire from [illegible]. The Nineteenth Hussars then pushed [illegible] to the wells, which were [illegible] five in the [illegible]. The enemy [illegible] eight hundred [illegible] The number of their wounded [illegible] thousand. The [illegible] was [illegible] wound [illegible] immediate effect of [illegible] sub[illegible]. It was necessary [illegible] water as soon as practicable. The intention was to push on with all [illegible] to Metemneh [illegible].

General Wolseley adds:

General Stewart's operations have been [illegible] to him as a commander and [illegible] Nation [illegible]. [illegible] Major [illegible] soldiers on this occasion. Our losses were nine commissioned officers killed and nine wounded and sixty five non-commissioned officers and men killed and eighty five wounded. General Stewart's force consisted of about 1,500 men all told.

Later dispatches say that the British had no idea that the enemy was so near. The native reports had led them to suppose that only a few rebels held Abu Klea. The rebels brought all their best troops to the attack. The assault on the right of the British square was led by Abusaleh, Emir of Metemneh, and the attack on the left was under Mohammed Khair, Emir of Berber, who was wounded and who retired during the early part of the engagement. Abusaleh advanced fiercely with a hundred fanatics until shot down in the square. Burnaby fell, pierced by a spear which severed the jugular vein and his right hand clinched in death about the throat of the Arab who killed him while gallantly fighting with his comrades. The enemy's firing the night before the fight prevented sleep. The rebels came on in good order from the right and left front at eight o'clock in the morning. A screw-gun battery checked their advance for some time. Though the British position was well protected the rifles of the rebels made accurate fire. At ten o'clock General Stewart determined to make a counter attack.

The medical staff under Surgeon Ferguson worked splendidly under the heaviest fire. The stoppages to attend to the wounded delayed the advance. The interior of the square presented to the view a mass of falling camels and struggling Arabs and English soldiers. Three hearty cheers were given when the square was reformed on fresh ground. Numerous Arabs, having pretended to be dead, now rose from the field and rushed past the square to join the retreating enemy. The rebels consisted of forces from Khartoum, Kordofan and Berber. During the night General Stewart sent a portion of the guards back to bring everything from the intrenched post in the rear. They returned in safety on the morning of the 18th, when the troops partook of their first food and water for twenty-four hours. The Hussars buried sixty men where the square was attacked. The rebels had nine hundred special negro riflemen, all good shots.

LONDON, Jan 22—Frederick Burnaby, Lieutenant Colonel commanding Horse Guards, son of the late Rev G Burnaby, was born at Bedford March 3, 1842 and received his education at Harrow School and in Germany. He entered the Royal Horse Guards, blues, September 30, 1859. He has for the most part of his life since then been prominently connected with the British army. Lieutenant Colonel Burnaby was a member of the council of the Aeronautic Society of Great Britain and has made ascents in balloons on several occasions accompanied by any professional aeronaut. In March 1882 he ascended alone in the Eclipse balloon from Dover and after some [illegible] in mid air, descended near Chateau de Montigny, near Envermeu in Normandy. His works are: "A Ride to Khiva," "Travels and Adventures in Central Asia," "On Horseback Through Asia Minor" and "A Ride Across the Channel, and Other Adventures in the Air."

Racine Plow-Works Sold

RACINE, Wis, Jan 22—The property of the defunct Racine Plow Company was sold at auction yesterday and was purchased by J. I. Case for $175,000. This sum will net the creditors about twenty-five cents on the dollar.

A Statue of Ex-Governor Allen.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan 22.—The Legislature adopted a joint resolution yesterday, to place a statue of Hon. William Allen in the hall of the old House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

ELECTRIC SPARKS.

Morgan O'Connell, second son of the famous Irish agitator, died Wednesday.

Hog cholera has within six months swept off one thousand head in a township near Lincoln, Neb.

Mother Superior Theresa (niece of Mr. Blaine), of the Catholic convent at Wilkesbarre, Pa, died Wednesday.

The military reservation at Fort Dodge, Kan, has been placed in control of the Secretary of the Interior to be sold.

The Congregational Church at Washington has called to its pulpit Rev. J. M. Newman, of Ripon, Wis, at a salary of $4,000 per annum.

A trade journal asserts that manufacturing has so improved within a few weeks that about 12,000 persons have been given employment.

An epidemic of scarlet fever prevails at Dixon, Ill, resulting in a number of deaths. The schools on the south side of the river were closed Wednesday.

In the Kansas Legislature Wednesday the House almost unanimously adopted a joint resolution favoring a Congressional enactment permitting the opening of the Oklahoma lands.

U. S. Grant, Jr., testified in the Chaffee case Wednesday at New York that of the $42,000 profits accruing from Mr. Chaffee's loan to Grant & Ward he (Grant) never received a penny.

Fire in a tenement house at Baltimore, Wednesday night, created a panic. A woman jumped from a window and was fatally hurt, and two children will die of exposure. The remaining occupants had narrow escapes.

The latest scheme of the Canadian Pacific syndicate is the construction of eight hundred mile of railroad from Quebec to the east coast of Labrador, whence the distance to Liverpool would be only half as great as from New York.

The Presbyterians in Rome held an inaugural service Wednesday in a portion of the building of their new church, which is available for public worship. The hall was crowded with American ministers from all parts of the continent.

A Russian Jew and a colored fireman died last Sunday at St Louis, the cause assigned for the first man's death being "native cholera" and of the negro "cholera diarrhœa." A sensational story was published Wednesday that the men died of Asiatic cholera.

SENATORS ELECT.

Spooner Wins the Race in Wisconsin—Messrs. Teller, Cameron, Voorhees, Evarts, Vest and Platt Elected in Their Various States.

MADISON, Wis, Jan 22.—The Republican Senatorial caucus met in the Senate chamber last evening at eight o'clock. It was organized by the election of H. C. Adams, of Dane County, as Chairman, and Charles E Bross, Secretary. All the members of both houses answered to their names except Assemblyman J. E. Friend, of Milwaukee. On motion of T B Mills, of Jackson County, a ballot was made viva voce. The nomination of candidates having been called for, Frank Nye of Polk County, put in nomination John C Spooner, of Hudson. Pliny Norcross, of Rock County, seconded the nomination in a spirited speech. Senator Kidd, of Grant County, then put in nomination General Lucius Fairchild, of Madison. A call of the roll resulted as follows: Spooner 54; Fairchild, 25.

TOPEKA, Kan, Jan 22.—The Democrats have decided not to nominate a candidate for United States Senator as some of the members desire to vote for Senator Ingalls. Governor Glick would have got the Democratic nomination.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark, Jan 22.—Three ballots in joint session of the Legislature yesterday for Senator showed no change in the leading candidates except an increase of three for Berry. Last ballot stood Dunn, 11, Berry, 36, Jones, 32; Harris, 10.

In the joint session of the New York Legislature yesterday, William M Evarts was formally declared elected United States Senator. Similar action was taken in other State bodies as follows: Pennsylvania, Don Cameron; Colorado, Henry M Teller; Indiana, Daniel W Voorhees; Connecticut, Orville H Platt; Missouri, George G. Vest.

FUNDS AND VISITORS NEEDED.

The Southern Exposition in Desperate Straits from a Variety of Causes.

NEW ORLEANS, La, Jan. 22.—In spite of Director-General Burke's announcement, made Friday last that within twenty-four hours he would be ready to show where he could put his hand on the necessary funds to pay all the debts of the exposition, that showing is yet to be made. The statement which was to have been made Monday with out fully showing all the disbursements out of the $1,000,000 loan from Congress, is not yet ready, either, nor is there any certainty as to when it will be forthcoming. Yesterday's session of the Finance Committee was prolonged for hours beyond the usual time, and no one was admitted to the slightest knowledge of the proceedings. As it is known that the management is acting under tremendous pressure from the United States Commissioners the impression prevails that to-day will see some new crisis in exposition affairs. To make matters worse, the weather continues execrable and the attendance is down to almost nothing.

A meeting of the Stock Exchange was held yesterday to devise means for the relief of the exposition. Director General Burke addressed the meeting, and at the close of his remarks many members announced subscriptions. Mr Burke said the exposition needed $60,000 to meet pressing obligations, and it is believed the entire sum will be subscribed to-day.

Paid $12 for a Baby.

CHICAGO, Jan 22—Officer Dudley, of the Humane Society, discovered on Monday night that Kong Wa Long, a celestial laundryman at 205 Clark street, had in his possession a white boy baby five years old, and that he had paid twelve dollars for him to a German woman who is married to Lee Wing, the laundryman's brother. Investigation showed that the woman, with the assistance of Mrs Reitmeier, a midwife living at 2721 Cottage Grove avenue, procured the child from the Hahnemann Hospital. It is said that the child's mother is a Mrs Bailey, and that she supposed it was taken from the hospital to be adopted by a North Side artist. The officers of the Humane Society removed the child to the Home for the Friendless.

A Serious Accident.

ST. LOUIS, Jan 22—The west-bound passenger train on the Missouri Pacific Railroad ran over a broken rail yesterday near Gentry, just west of Sedalia. A chair car containing nine persons jumped the track, and was precipitated down a high embankment and ten persons were more or less injured.

Another Death from the Asylum Fire.

KANKAKEE, Ill, Jan. 22,—G. W Davis, aged sixty, of Champaign, one of the inmates rescued from the burning ward at the Kankakee hospital, died yesterday. The shock sustained by being carried into the night air was too great.

The West Shore Meets the Cut.

NEW YORK, Jan. 22.—The West Shore Railroad officers have met the cut in emigrant rates recently made by the Pennsylvania Road and placed the fare to Chicago at $1.

"Had rheumatism so I could not walk. Doctors did all they could, but I was no better. Four bottles of Athlophoros cured me." Mrs. H Strong, Westville, Conn.

Your best ... can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure, safe and speedy cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Try this wonder healer. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. Sold by druggists.

"So Near, and Yet So Far!"

BY ALISON.

"I suppose I was tired," she said, smiling. She did not look tired now, in the close-fitting gown of black velvet, square cut, and with sleeves to the elbow, which set off the exceeding fairness of her complexion and the shadowy gold of her hair to such perfection.

"I must get up near the orchestra," Mrs. Harry Wilde remarked, looking about her. "I want to speak to my old friend Herr von Groot. That is a lovely waltz, that 'Welt von Dir.' Why aren't you dancing, Maud? I declare it's charming to see all those mites dancing the deux temps like little society men and women. It is like looking at a real fancy ball through the wrong end of an opera-glass."

"Will you dance this with me—for the sake of old times?"

Maud looked around. Adam Wilde was standing beside her, looking very tall and nice in his plain evening-dress. The look in his eyes deepened the color in her cheeks a little but she shook her head.

"There are so few partners—grown-up ones, I mean—for the big girls that it would not be fair if I monopolized one of them. I have just sent Mr. Fairfax to dance with Edith Lloyd, and now, if you would make Bertie Norcott happy it would be doing me a favor.

Adam looked disappointed.

"But you know I hate dancing," he said, without stirring.

"Yet you wanted me to dance just now," Maud laughed willfully.

"I wanted to dance with you."

"My dress is too heavy for dancing."

"Why did you wear it, then?"

"Because I did not intend to dance."

"And you will not dance with me at all this evening?"

"This party is for the children," she said, more gravely, "and, besides, I must go now and organize the quadrilles. It would not do to let a Nursery Rhymer into the Shakespearian set, or a Historical character among Titania's courtiers."

"If I dance this quadrille, may I sit out the next with you?"

"If you like," Miss Kent smiled.

Their eyes met for a moment, and when Adam Wilde made his way slowly across the room to Bertie Norcott, towering over the knights and dames, courtiers and peasants, through which he steered himself so circumspectly as not to bowl over a single pigmy couple.

"Bertie is the prettiest girl in the room," Mrs. Harry Wilde said. She was standing near the orchestra with Tom Fairfax, holding in her hand some of the superfluous "properties" of her own little "Follow-the-Drum."

"She is very pretty," Mr Fairfax answered, leveling his eye-glass at her. "I never thought her anything but a child till to-night, you know, but, 'pon my word, she can flirt like any grown-up young lady!"

"Bertie is past sixteen," Mrs. Harry said, watching her. "I always knew she would grow up pretty, but I never thought she would turn out a beauty."

"She would make a sensation in London, wouldn't she! Pity they can't get somebody to trot her out. She'd make a good match in no time, wouldn't she?"

"I shouldn't be surprised if she managed to do that even in the country," Mrs. Harry said. "She's as sharp as a needle, and her mother is the cleverest woman in the parish."

Bertie was dancing with Adam Wilde. She was passionately fond of dancing, and, being small and slight, it was pleasant to dance with her. She was very simply dressed as a Boulogne fishwife, in white cap, kerchief crossed over her bosom, sleeves to the elbow, showing her pretty round bare arms, short blue petticoat, and little high-heeled shoes. She looked as happy and excited as a child, her breath came quick and soft between her parted lips, her baby-face dimpled and flushed under its quaint white muslin cap, she seemed to float round the room as lightly as a feather in the strong clasp of her companion's arm. He danced that dance with her, and the next, and then he came to Maud.

"Have I done my duty?" he asked, laughingly, a light in his eyes which Bertie Norcott had not brought into them.

"You have been very good." Maud answered, smiling. "Not that I fancy that it was any hardship, you know, but I know you never cared for dancing."

"I want you here for a minute, Wilde. Something has gone wrong with the governor, and he has just sent for me. Will you introduce these fellows to some of the girls. They have just driven over from Needham."

Adam Wilde felt that the fates were against him. But Jack looked rather pale and anxious, and the young men from Needham were clustering awkwardly about the doorway, drawing on their white gloves. And Maud followed Jack from the room a minute later, so that, when he was at liberty to go back to her, she was not to be found. The music and dancing went on uninterruptedly. Just before supper Maud came back to see that the company were all properly conveyed into the dining room, but she looked pale and frighted, and Adam had no opportunity of exchanging even half a dozen words with her.

"There is something wrong," his sister-in-law said, as he passed her in a doorway. "I don't know what it is, but we must not spread the distress by appearing to notice it. I dare say Mr. Kent has flown into a passion about something—I knew this entertainment would put him out, though he allowed Sara to persuade him into giving it."

"I saw him an hour ago and he seemed all right," Adam said, thinking of Maud, and wishing he could lighten her trouble, whatever it was.

"A message came from him—I saw the butler hand him a note," remarked Mrs Harry in the same hurried aside. "That may have something to do with it—I don't know. Anyhow we must keep the ball going for another hour or two—it is the kindest thing we can do. But I can't bear to see Maud with that look on her face."

Adam moved on, steering his way through the crowd. Maud had asked him to take somebody out to supper, and he was looking for Bertie Norcott. Not that he cared particularly for Bertie Norcott, but he fancied Maud had wished him to be civil to her friend.

Miss Norcott saw him coming, and her vain little heart beat high. Jack had left her side only for a moment, but she was not going to lose the chance of being taken out to supper by the most distinguished looking man in the room to please Jack Kent.

"I wonder if Maud saw him craning his neck to look for me?" she said to herself as she laid her little bare hand on his black sleeve. "Maud is too old for him—not that she is old exactly, but she is so awfully old-fashioned. And because he cared for her seven years ago is no reason that he should care for her now."

If Adam had known the thoughts that were passing through this companion's mind, he might not have been in such a hurry to get her a strawberry-ice or to pile her plate with chicken and tongue, which were the viands Miss Norcott selected. But the child was exquisitely pretty, and, since he could not have Maud, he was just as well pleased to stand beside Bertie Norcott's chair as anywhere else in the room.

CHAPTER III.

"I DECLARE I feel utterly miserable. My poor darling Maud!"

Mrs. Harry Wilde was standing in the drawing room at Wildewood, in her bonnet and fur-lined cloak. It was not particularly easy to bring tears to her bright eyes but that she had been crying, and that recently, was obvious enough.

There was no one else in the room but Adam Wilde, standing in one of the windows, looking out. It was a stormy afternoon, a cold whistling wind swaying the bare trees about rather wildly, and sending the dead leaves and twigs and snow in melancholy swirls against the windows and round the corners of the house.

"I am going up to London," Adam said, without turning round.

"Mr Kent won't let you in."

"I shall not consult Mr Kent."

"He is a cruel, hard hearted old wretch!" Mrs. Harry exclaimed passionately. "Because he was ashamed to face his neighbors was that any reason why he should drag his family away without giving them so much time as to say good by to any of their friends?"

"Perhaps it was as well," Adam said gravely.

"But after all there was no disgrace. It is no disgrace for a man to fail in business. It is wrong to speculate when you have a large family to provide for, but it is not a sin. I don't suppose he meant to lose every penny he had for his own sake. But I do think it was abominable of him to drag away all those poor children at an hour's notice, just because he was too vain himself to let people see what a fall his pride had got! I would say it served him right if it wasn't for his children's sake for I do think his conceit about himself and everything belonging to him was perfectly sickening."

Mrs. Harry blew her small nose—which crying and the cold wind had reddened very considerably—with her black bordered handkerchief in a very vindictive manner, but if she expected sympathy from her brother-in-law she was disappointed.

"No man likes to be stared at when he is down," he merely said. "Even an animal hides itself when he is hurt. I know I should do it myself."

"But you wouldn't drag other people away with you?"

"I do not suppose they wanted to stay behind. I am sure Maud would not leave him—nor Jack, indeed, if he could be of any comfort to him."

"They are too good to him—a selfish, cold-hearted, stuck-up old poker of a man, who never kissed one of them in his life, I do believe."

"But he is their father, Manie."

"I don't care," Manie said, carried away by her grief and indignation. "If he were my father a hundred times over, I wouldn't let him hurry me away from the home where I had lived all my life and the friends who loved me—without bidding—them—good-by!"

"Don't cry, Manie," Adam said hurriedly—when a woman cried it was all up with him—"I will bring Maud back to you, if she will come."

"Oh, she won't come!" Mrs. Harry sobbed. "She won't leave him and the children. I know Maud. If she once takes it into her head that she ought to do a certain thing, you might talk to her forever and you could no more move her than you could move the rock of Gibraltar."

"She must not sacrifice herself to that old man," Adam said, gloomily.

"But she will do it."

"Not if I can prevent it. Manie!"

"You won't be able to prevent it."

"I came home to ask Maud Kent to marry me," Adam said, gravely. "If she cares for me, she will not let me go back to Australia alone."

"She won't leave them all," Mrs. Harry declared, with a troubled look. "I know she won't leave them, unless matters turn out better than people say."

"If she cares for me she will come to me" said Adam.

"Not if she thinks her father and the children want her."

"Am I to be sacrificed for them?" Adam exclaimed angrily. "Am I to serve seven years for her and then be sent away without my wife? If Maud cares for me she will leave everything to come to me as I would leave everything to go to her."

"Did you say anything to her yesterday, Adam?"

"I did not get the chance—they did not give us a single moment alone together. I was a fool not to have spoken to her the night before, but she kept me at arm's length—she was so cold I thought she had forgotten me."

"Perhaps it was well," Mrs Harry said, musingly, "if you had said anything then she might have fancied you felt bound to stick to it now, whether you wanted to or not."

This was a view of the question which Adam's less acute brain had not before suggested. But it did not strike him as forcibly as it seemed to strike his sister in law, being an idea which probably would never enter a man's head in the circumstances though pretty sure to be the first to enter a woman's.

"I wish I had spoken to her," he said, "it might be a comfort to her now to know that I had not forgotten her in all these years."

"You think she doesn't know it? My dear, I know it, and do you think she is more dull than I am, where you are concerned? We may think you remember us when you don't often enough, but we never think you don't when you do."

This was not very lucid reasoning, but Adam's stern face relaxed into a smile.

"I hope she doesn't know," he said tenderly. "My poor darling, what would I not give to be able to comfort her? It went to my heart to look at her face last night, though I did not know half she was suffering, she held up so bravely to the last."

"And that horrid dance music must have been driving her mad all the time! Fancy listening to polkas and galops with her nerves strung up to such a pitch, knowing that all their things were being packed up and the horses put to the carriage while she was standing there quietly in the drawing-room—knowing, too, that she would never be mistress at Fief Oaks again, the place she had been so fond of all her life!"

"It was very hard," Adam said turning away to the window.

"Hard! I don't know how she endured it. And it is not as if she were heartless like that selfish old father of hers, but Maud is so tender and gentle, I know it must have broken her heart.

"She would feel it for his sake too."

"Of course she would—a great deal more than for her own. I'm sure I don't know what is to become of them—those three helpless children, too, who can't do anything for themselves."

"I have been thinking that if Jack likes to go out to Australia I can be of use to him there. He is not exactly suited to the Colonies, but he needn't have any very hard physical work if he comes to me."

"Poor Jack! He had passed so well for Woolwich, it will be a terrible blow to him. But of course he must give all that up now—he could never live on his pay."

"He certainly could not. But he is a plucky fellow, though he looks conceited, if he writes a good hand and can keep accounts, he will do very well."

"I can hardly believe it," Mrs Harry said in a bewildered way, untying her bonnet-strings. "I declare the sight of that old house to-day quite upset me—the great empty rooms, the marks of wheels on the drive, the desolate look of the whole place—I couldn't help thinking of a funeral. I don't think I shall ever forget the shock I got when old Brown came to the door and said the family had gone up to London."

"I heard it first from my father," Adam said gloomily. "He told me last night, after you had gone up stairs. Mr Kent was down here with him about eleven o'clock—just after you saw him get that note—and he told my father he was smashed. But he said nothing about going up to London—only about his business affairs. My father thought it better to say nothing to you till this morning; but you were so late—we were obliged to go out before you came down."

[To Be Continued To-morrow.]

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" 26 Way Freight	......	5 45 a m

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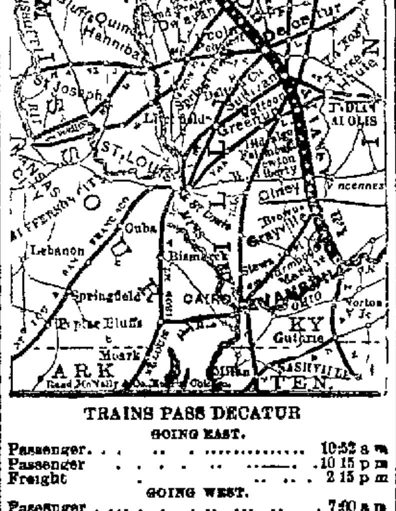

TRAINS PASS DECATUR

GOING EAST.

Passenger	10:52 a m
Passenger	10 15 p m
Freight	2 15 p m

GOING WEST.

Passenger	7:00 a m
Passenger	3 15 p m
Freight	10 48 a m

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Lincoln, with C & A Ry
Mt Pulaski with I. C Ry (Springfield Div)
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Sullivan, with W St. L & P (Altamont Div)
Mattoon, with I C and I & St. L. Railways.
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Olney, with O. & M Ry.
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ILLINOIS CENTRAL R'Y

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Passenger	7:25a m
No. 4 Accommodation	12.13 a m
No 10 Freight	4:05 p m
No 14 Freight	5.25 p m

GOING SOUTH.

No 1 Passenger	3:25 p m
No. 3 Accommodation	10 13 a m
No 9 Freight	7 40 a m
No 11 Freight	12:05 a m

ILLINOIS MIDLAND R'Y.

GOING EAST.

Mail and Express arrives at	11:26 a m
" leaves at	11 45 a m
Local Freight arrives	4:20 p m
" " leaves	5:00 a

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express arrives at	11:25 a
" leaves at	11 45 a
Local Freight arrives	6.30 p
" leaves	5:00 a

D H. CONKLIN, Gen'l Man.

W. ST. L. & P. R'Y.

GOING EAST.

No 44, Atlantic Express	11:55 a m
" 42, Lightning Express	10 45 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets

Going East	8 10 a m
Going East	4:35 a m
Accom Express	2:55 p m

GOING WEST.

No 43, Fast Line	5:05 a m
" 47, Jacksonville Accommodation	8 40 a m
" 45 Fast Mail	8.30 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets

Going West	12.30 p m
Going West	10 40 p m

Chicago Division.

GOING EAST.

No 4, Chicago Express	12:05 p m
" 2 Chicago Mail	12·05 a m

ARRIVE FROM CHICAGO.

No 3, St. Louis Express	3.30 a m
" 5 St Louis Mail	3:22 p m

St. Louis Division.

GOING WEST.

No 51, Way Freight	5:05 a m
No 3 St. Louis Express	3 40 a m
" 43 Fast Line	4 55 a m
" 5 Fast Mail	8 45 p m
" 45, Pacific Express	3:00 p m

ARRIVE FROM ST. LOUIS.

No. 48 Chicago Express,	12.15 a m
" 44, Atlantic Express	11.35 a m
" 42, Lightning Express	10.33 p m

The following freight trains will carry passengers with tickets on the St. Louis Division

Going West	6:00 a m
Arrive from West	7:00 p m

Champaign Division.

Arrive from East	10.2 a m
Leave for Champaign	4:00 p m

Way Freight leaves at 5:16 a m and returns at 8:45 p m

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